Mubarak to retain Sedki as premier

CAIRO (AP) — President Hosni Mubarak, after he is sworn into his second presidential term, will retain Prime Minister Atef Sedki and ask him to form a new cabinet, a minister said Saturday. Egyptians on Monday go to the polls in a yes-no national referendum which is certain to win sweeping endorsement for a second six-year term for Mr. Mubarak. According to the constitution, the cabinet submits its resignation as soon as the president is sworn in. That will be Oct. 12. Information Minister Safwat Al Sherif was quoted by the Middle East News Agency as saying that Mr. Mubarak would ask Dr. Sedki to reform a new cabinet. Mr. Sherif's comments came after a meeting between Mr. Mubarak and Egyptian newsmen. Dr. Sedki became prime minister in November 1986. The 57-year-old French-educated economist was given the task of finding a remedy to the country's ailing economy.



Prince Hassan distributes prizes

AMMAN (Peira) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Saturday distributed prizes to participants in the Crown Prince Award project. Sixty participants in the project received gold, silver and bronze prizes during the ceremony held at the International Baccalaureate School. Arab delegates to the Crown Prince Awards conterence currently held here, ministers and senior officials attended the celebration. In an address to the winners. Prince Hassan urged for scientific research and qualitative development in all areas of education to help the Arab World reduce its illustracy rate of 37 per cent (See related story on page 3).

Volume 12 Number 3593

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AMMAN, SUNDAY OCTOBER 4, 1987, SAFAR 11, 1468

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Cabinet okays civil service charter

AMMAN (Petra) - The Cabinet on Saturday approved a new civil service charter to be effective as of January 1988. During its regu-lar session, chaired by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, the Cabinet also approved a similar charter pertaining to senior posts at the Royal Court, also to be effective as from January 1, 1988. The Cabinet also approved a draft law for the establishment of judicial training institute. The Cabinet of Labour Khaled Haj Hassan on his visit to North Yemen, from Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri on the current U.N. General Assembly session and from Minister of Transport Ahmad Dakhqan on his visit to Cairo.

Jordan not to attend IPU talks

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan has decided not to take part in the 78th conference on the International Parliamentary Union (IPU) which will be held in Bangkok on Oct. 8 because it coincides with the opening of the Lower House of Parliament ordinary session. The decision was taken Lower House Speaker Akef Al Fayez, who is also president of the Arab Parliamentary Union

Khayyat returns

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat returned to Amman on Saturday after taking part in an international conference on Islamic solidarity in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, on Sept. 30. Dr. Khayyat presented a working paper to the conference about the role of Islamic state in Islamic solidarity. During the visit Dr. Khayyat also met with senior Malaysian officials.

Saudi fund chief arrives in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) — The director general of the Saudi Fund for Development, Mohammad Al Suqair, arrived here Saturday on a four-day visit to Jordan. During the visit Mr. Suqair will sign a loan agreement for a Faculty of Medical Sciences project at Jor-dan University of Science and Technology in Irbid. He will also visit a number of development projects in the country, especially those financed by the Saudi fund. He will also visit some historical sites in Jordan.

Beirut fighting kills two

BEIRUT (R) — Rival militias in Beirut blasted each other with rocket and machinegun fire during the night, killing two people and injuring a third, police said on Saturday. Fighters in the most southern suburbs and the hills tale enaci southeast of the city exchanged fire for several hours, they said.

Iran to dig for oil in Caspian Sea

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran will char-ter drilling machinery from the Soviet Union to search for petroleum and gas in the southern Caspian Sea, the Iranian Oil Ministry said Saturday. The announcement, carried by the official Islamic Republic News Agency, said the equipment would be supplied by the Soviet state firm Techno Export.

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- cracy or a Jewish state,
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 U.S. Senate passes defence bill but Reagan may veto it, page 7
- At least 6 killed in Tibeclashes, tan-Chinese

Iranian gunboats nearing Saudi-Kuwaiti oil port

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Scores of Iranian speedboats darted westward from bases in the northern Gulf and unidentified lowflying military aircraft scared away some of them near a joint Kuwait-Saudi Arabian oil port at dawn Saturday, salvage executives

Sources quoted by international news agencies said the spate of gunboats, of a type usually manned by Revolutionary Guards, was monitored by Saudi Arabia's airborne warning and control system (AWACS) jets. They said the incident created a lot of con-

But Saudi Arabia and Kuwait denied the reports in what appeared to be an attempt to defuse tension in the area as efforts continue at the United Nations to end the seven-year-old

The USS Lasalle, command vessel of the U.S. warships that provide escort squadrons for the 11 reflagged Kuwaiti vessels, rushed to the northern part of the Gulf late Friday after the first sightings of the speedboats was

AP correspondent Richard Pyle, a member of a press pool aboard the Lasalle, reported that southbound convoy and sped the northern sector of the Gulf,

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Iran warned on Saturday night it would launch retaliatory attacks on Baghdad and other Iraqi cities

on Sunday morning.
Tehran Radio quoted a statement from Iran's war information

headquarters as warning Iraqis to seek safety in four holy cities which would be spared.

The radio said the threatened

strikes were in retaliation for

continued Iraqi raids on Iranian

The Iraqi News Agency said Iraqi jets raided an oilfield in the

southern Khuzestan province

Saturday, setting selected targets ablaze. Tehran Radio confirmed

Iraqi jets attacked industrial

targets in the region, but said residential areas also were hit.

Iraq has kept up pressure with

air raids deep into Iran and

against oil installations and Gulf shipping to force Tehran to the

peace table following a July 20 ceasefire call by the U.N. Secur-

Iran has demanded an inquiry to brand Iraq "the aggressor" in

their seven-year-old war before

by 80 per cent

CAIRO (AP) — Acting under stiff International Monetary Fund

Sudanese

devalued

civilian centres.

ity Council.

pound

north on "a sudden mystery mission late Friday."

But in Washington, White House spokesman Dan Howard

"We are aware of the fact there were some small boats in the northern Gulf and there were some Saudi naval vessels cruising in the area and the small boats, presumably Iranian, have now left the area.

"But to our knowledge there was no conflict or confrontation. We do not have any vessels in the

Gulf-based shipping sources said the Iranians had stabbed into an area where the U.S. navy is to move up one of two huge barges for use as offshore supply facilities. The other barge is anchored off Bahrain.

The sources, speaking to AP on condition of anonymity, said more than 50 of the Swedish-built speedboats sailed out at twilight the warship backed away from a Friday from the Iranian bases in

Iran warns it will launch

mainly from Kharg Island oil

They said that by dawn Saturday some of the gunboats covered the 176-kilometre stretch to a point about 32 kilometres off when unidentified warplanes, believed to be Saudi Arabian and Bahraini, scrambled to

scare them away.
"There was a lot of concern and a lot of air activity in the area," said one Dubai-based marine shipping officer, who refused to be named.

Reuter quoted workers on offshore oil platforms as saying that they had seen about half a dozen aircraft diving at the boats. One source said there might have

been shooting. However, a Saudi Defence Ministry source quoted by the official Saudi Press Agency (SPA) said there was "no truth whatsoever" in the reports. SPA said no Iranian or other boats had approached Saudi territorial waters early on Saturday and no Saudi jets had confronted any boats in the Gulf.

An oil industry source in Saudi Arabia told Reuter the situation was "extremely confusing something happened, but we

Other sources said the jets may have been involved in exercises against mock targets.

attacks on civilian targets in Iraq

King Hassan reports good response to his call for OIC summit

RABAT (R) — King Hassan of Morocco said in an interview published on Saturday that he had received encouraging response to his call for a special Islamic summit to discuss July's violence in Mecca.

"I have already received a number of positive responses to my call. I now await the response of the Iranians," he said in the interview in the French-language weekly Nouvel Observateur published here.

King Hassan, who wrote to leaders of the 46-member Orga-nisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) a month ago proposing the summit, did not say which countries had endorsed his call.

So far only the Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO), a member of the Jeddah-based OIC, has officially backed the

King Hassan said the July 31 incident, in which more than 400 people died when Iranian pilgrims clashed with Saudi police, could be repeated and much worse. "We should therefore meet and discuss Muslim problems among Muslims," he added.

The king has not proposed a date or venue for the summit. Iran boycotted the last OIC summit in January this year because it was held in Kuwait, which Tehran has accused of supporting

A Palestinian spokesman said on Friday that a PLO letter supporting the proposed OIC summit was handed to King Hassan by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's special envoy, Wajih Hassan Ali

Diplomats said the king's meet-ing with Mr. Kacem reflected improved relations. In April, King Hassan ordered Moroccan diplomats to boycott the PLO at international conferences for inviting anti-Moroccan Polisario guerrillas to a conference in

Mr. Kacem left Rabat on Sept. 2 after 15 years as PLO envoy in

Unidentified jets chase off Zia arrives today on two-day visit

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — Pakistani President General Mohammad Zia Ul Haq, accompanied by his wife and a high-level civil and military delegation, arrives here today, on a two-day official visit to Jordan upon an invitation by Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen

The current situation in the Gulf war, recent developments on the region, issues of concern to Arab and Muslim countries and Pakistani-Jordanian ties and means of further strengthening them will be the topics of discussion during meetings between Gen. Zia and King Hussein.

The Pakistani president is also scheduled to hold talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and other senior Jordanian officials. Pakistani cabinet members

accompanying the president will meet with their Jordanian coun-

Gen. Zia last visited Jordan in

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, described Gen. Zia's visit to the Kingdom as an "embodiment of the distinguished bilateral relations" whose solid foundations were laid down by King Hussein



and the Pakistani leader. Petra noted that numerous bilateral agreements outlining Jordanian-Pakistani relations in

the areas of tourism, economy, trade, education, and telecommunications have been signed between the two countries. Petra said that Pakistani-Jorda-

nian ties had grown rapidly over the years. It cited the growing number of Jordanian students attending Pakistani universities and an expansion in trade relations between the two countries.

At present, 800 Jordanian students are completing their higher education in Pakistan's universities. An alumni club for Jorda-



nian graduates from Pakistan was opened here recently to help students who want to pursue their university education there.

The University of Jordan has allocated a seat for Islamic studies for Pakistan. The scholarship named after the founder of Pakistan, Mohammad Ali Jinna. The balance of bilateral trade

remains in favour of Jordan with the Kingdom exporting to Pakistan phosphates and fertilisers worth JD 30 million annually while it imports goods worth JD 2

Commenting on Pakistan's stand vis-a-vis the Palestine question, Petra said Islamabad con-

tion's quest and efforts to regain the occupied Arab lands and Jerusalem, and to guarantee the legitimate rights of the Palesti-Pakistan has staunchly stood

up in international forums to denounce the Israeli occupation and the inhuman Israeli practices against the inhabitants of the occupied Arab lands, Petra said.

Pakistan, Petra noted, is a founding member of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) and has effectively participated in all preparatory sessions for OIC conferences and has attended all of the organisation's summits.

Mohammad Zia Ul Haq was born in 1924. He joined the Pakistani army in 1945 and held key military positions. He was also member of a Pakistani army mission who worked in Jordan in the-early 1970s. In 1977, Gen. Zia was named

as chief military governor of Pakistan after the country's army assumed power there. Gen. Zia was named president of Pakistan on Sept. 16, 1978.

Gen. Zia abolished martial law in 1985 and a civil government

Gen. Zia will leave Amman on

Queen returns after patronising Jordanian cultural events abroad



AMMAN — Her Majesty Queen Noor returned home Saturday following official functions in the U.S., Switzerland and England, and a two-day visit to the city of Cologne and the Black Forest in West Germany.

Marianne von Weizsaecker, wife of the president of the Federal Republic of Germany, as co-patron, Queen Noor on Friday officially opened combined exhibi-tions entitled "The King's Way: 9,000 Years of Art and Culture in Jordan and Palestine," an impressive collection of art, anti-quities and archaeological ob-jects, chronicling over 9,000 years of human history, and loaned by the Department of Antiquities of Jordan, and Yarmouk University Institute of Archaeology and Anthropology; and "Splendours and Secrets — Costumes and Jewelry from Palestine and Jordan," a unique display of traditional embroidered dresses and folk costumes from the collection

of Mrs. Widad Kawar. In remarks delivered to a large distinguished audience, Queen Noor applauded the impressive array of scholarship and professional excellency assembled by a German-Jordanian team over two-and-a-half years.

Queen Noor, referring to the beauty, colour and intricate designs of the embroidered Jordanian and Palestinian dresses on display, remarked that, "We should heed the message inherent in the ancient artifacts and contemporary material culture of Jordanians and Palestinians on by Mrs. and Mr. von Weizsaecker the airport.



His Majesty King Hussein receives Her Majesty Queen Noor upon her return home Saturday (Petra photo)

stable, peaceful, communities." At the conclusion of the open-

ing ceremony, Her Majesty and Baroness von Weizsaecker toured the museum hall to view the two exhibitions, as well as a collection of photographs and paintings by Mr. Ammar Khammash which chronicle over 9,000 years of village architecture and rural life in Jordan, and the second collection of contemporary photographs by Mr. Zohrab Markarian entitled "Jordan

Two catalogues have been published to document and promote the exhibitions, which will run for six months at the Rautenstrauch-Joest Museum in Cologne, before moving to Vienna and Munich. Queen Noor was guest of honour at the private dinner hosted

exhibit here today; that cultural at the presidential palace in Bonn and national identity endure, and seek to manifest themselves in Prior to the exhibition opening. Baroness von Weizsaccker paid a

courtesy call on Her Mujesty at

the Dom Hotel in Cologne. Queen Noor visited the Birklehof Secondary Boarding School in the Black Forest on Saturday morning to study its facilities and curricula. School officials discussed with Queen Noor possible future joint cooperation to assist the Noor Al Hussein Foundation's Jubilee School. The Queen later joined students and faculty members.

The Jubilee School will seek to enhance and develop the intellect and leadership potentials of gifted secondary school students from throughout the country. On departure from the Black Forest, Queen Noor met briefly

with the minister president of the land of Baden-Wurttenberg at

Sfar was sacked because he opposed Bourguiba, paper says

TUNIS (Agencies) — Tunisian Prime Minister Rachid Sfar was sacked because he opposed two summon Mr. Abdullah and name sacked because he opposed two summon Mr. Abdullah and name sentences last weekend following a mass trial. The 90 defendants, many of cabinet appointments proposed by President Habib Bourguiba, the independent daily Al Sabah said on Saturday.

In a front-page commentary clearly given high-level approval, the paper said Mr. Sfar proposed different candidates to the president for the posts of information minister and director of the ruling Destourian Socialist Party (PSD). a job with ministerial rank. Mr. Sfar was fired on Friday

and replaced by Interior Minister Zine Al Abidine Ibn Ali. Al Sabah, stressing the president's constitutional right to be the sole selector of ministers, said Mr. Sfar sought to name the head

of state-run television, Abdul Malek Laarif, to the two cabinet He proposed Mr. Laarif the day after Mr. Bourguiba said his choice for information minister was Abdul Waheb Abdullah, for-

him to the job in person on Sept.

When Mr. Sfar then substituted Mr. Laarif for Mahjoub Ibn Ali - Mr. Bourguiba's choice for the PSD post — the president cancelled the appointment and dismissed the premier. Meanwhile, troops and police

stood guard at strategic points in the capital on Saturday and a police helicopter circled over-

Security in Tunis, boosted again after Mr. Ibn Ali's appointment, has been tight since death sentences were passed last weekend on seven people at the end of a trial of 90 Islamic fundamentalists accused of trying to overthrow the government.

Mr. Ibn Ali, a former army general, retaining his interior ministry portfolio, has presided over a seven-month police crackdown on fundamentalists. mer head of the pro-government This culminated in the death

them members of the opposition Islamic Tendency Movement (MTI), were accused of trying with Iranian help to overthrow the 84-year-old head of state.

In a French television interview only 48 hours earlier. Mr. Sfar had indirectly predicted his own imminent downfall. Asked about the ailing Mr. Bourguiba's condition, Mr. Sfar replied: "The president is in marvelous condition. and he could very well see two or three more prime ministers come

Mr. Ibn Ali is a tough security and intelligence specialist whose forces rapidly suppressed 1978 leftist rioting over price increases.

His forces also intervened effectively against subsequent anti-government disorders sparked by Islamic fundamentalists and by the 1985 Israeli bombing raid on the headquarters of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) near Tunis,

(IMF) conditions, Sudan on Saturday announced an 80 per cent devaluation of its currency against the U.S. dollar and in-INSIDE creased prices of benzine and sugar, a Sudanese cabinet minis-• Iraq said to have reter said.

The Middle East News Agency, in a dispatch from the Sudanese capital Khartoum. quoted Beshir Omar, minister of economy and finance, as saying the Sudanese pound had been devalued from 2.5 to 4.5 pounds to the dollar for all transactions except gasoline, wheat and

medical imports. The Sudanese government's move seemed to be aimed at unifying its exchange rate which used 2.5 pounds to the dollar for customs, four pounds to the dollar for some transactions like exchanging Sudanese expatriates

money and 5.2 pounds to the dollar on the illegal black market. Unifying the exchange rate and decreasing subsidies are part of the IMF's plan to rescue the collapsed Sudanese economy.

day morning against military, industrial and economic targets in Iraqi cities, including Baghdad. At the U.N., Iraq on Friday

criticised its main arms supplier, the Soviet Union, for its position on the Gulf war, but expressed confidence Moscow would change its stand.

The dispute concerns the two countries' positions on the timing of two provisions of Security Council Resolution 598.

In a speech to the U.N. General Assembly last Wednesday, Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard A. Shevardnadze said his country supported the idea that two resolution provisions be implemented simultaneously. Those provisions involve a ceasefire in the war and the establishment of an impartial panel to investigate said that. But it doesn't mean that who started the conflict.

"It is necessary to try to secure, their commitments. It's up to concurrently and immediately, a them to clarify that in the fu-

agreeing to a halt in hostilities. and to work for the fulfilment of Tehran Radio quoted Satur- the secretary-general's mission day's statement as saying Iranian forces would launch a "new phase of retaliatory action" from Sunresponsibility for the conflict, Mr. Shevardnadze said. The Soviet minister did not

mention other aspects of the resolution, such as a troop with-drawal, exchange of prisoners of war and negotiations on a longterm settlement. At a news conference Friday,

Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz said he had expressed displeasure in a meeting with Mr. Shevard-nadze, held last week. "I told my friend, Mr. Shevard-

nadze that I refuse his proposal.

He knows my position very well and I am not going to deal with it," Mr. Aziz said. Asked whether he believed Mr. Shevardnadze's comments went against the resolution, Mr. Aziz replied: "Yes I think so. I

in the end they do not respect

ceasefire between Iran and Iraq ture.' Falangists battle growing rift among party leaders BEIRUT (R) — Leaders in the Falange Party of Lebanon's PresiThe "Lebanese Forces"

dent Amin Gemayel are battling to hold it together in a critical internal rift which has seen six top officials quit.

"Our peaceful opposition to reforms introduced by the ... leadership is continuing and more resignations are expected," Semaan Karam, head of information for the country's predominantly Christian party before he resigned, told Reuters on

Saturday. "Moves by various sides within the party are going on to calm the situation and avert an escalation," he added. Mr. Karam was one of those

who quit in September over reforms pushed through by party President George Saadeh, who is seen as close to "Lebanese militia chief Samir Forces" The struggle pits Mr. Saadeh's

supporters against those of Mr. Gemayel, who tries to distance the Falange Party from the "Lebanese Forces" militia. The party, known in Lebanon by its Arabic name Kataeb, was founded 50 years ago by Mr. Gemayel's father Pierre, a dominant Christian leader who died in

The "Lebanese Forces" share many top officials with the Falange and their influence in it has increased since Mr. Saadeh took over last year.

A former official said Mr. Saadeh had made 40 appointments, some to new posts, boosting his electoral power in the Falange. Opponents accuse Mr. Saadeh

of making the changes, the first since the party was founded, for personal reasons and without regard for party protocol and rules.

Mr. Saadeh, only the party's second president after Pierre Gemayel, has said the reforms were essential and an important step among others needed "to make the party an institution in

"What is happening is an inter-nal party matter and we are trying to contain it amicably," Lebanese newspapers quoted him as saying in an apparent bid to play down the rift. But a Falange executive told

Reuters on Saiturday that lower

them further (See page 2).

tier officials were still quitting over the reforms and Mr. Saadeh had set up a committee to study

Gemayel doubtful

received advanced Soviet warplanes

ABU DHABI (R) — Iraq was reported on Saturday to have reinforced its already massive air superiority over Iran with dozens of advanced Soviet Sukhoi-25 warplanes.

The United Arab Emirates newspaper Al Ittihad quoted western military sources saying 25 to 40 of the jets had arrived in Iraq, the first batch of an arms package which includes 100 SU-

Iraq would be the first country outside the east bloc to get the jets if the report were to be confirmed. Al-Ittihad's sources did not give details of the deal with Moscow, Iraq's largest arms

supplier
The SU-25 close support plane, codenamed Frogfoot by NATO, is an approximate counterpart of the U.S. A-10 Thunderbolt II, military experts say. It was first seen in 1978 and large numbers now operate with Soviet and Warsaw Pact forces.

First detailed pictures of the plane became available to western intelligence after the SU-25 entered service with the Czechos-

The experts say key features of

the SU-25 include the ability to strike hard at armoured columns at high speed and to survive ground fire, features which would help Iraq enormously against Iranian ground offensives.

The SU-25 has twin-barrel 23millimeter guns and about 10 weapon stations under its stubby

wings.
A secret Soviet Defence Industries Committee report on defence savings made by acquiring information from the west, published in Paris by Le Monde in 1985, cited the SU-25 as one case.

The report said eight million roubles was saved in the design of the SU-25 thanks to a copy of a set of foreign wind tunnel tests on aircraft wings.

Western experts have noted a striking similarity between the SU-25 and the unsuccessful U.S. Northrop A-9A close support plane which lost out to Fairchilds A-10 in a U.S. Air Force fly-off

Bahai leaders said executed in Tehran

prisoned leaders of Iran's minority Bahai faith have been executed in Tehran, international Bahai officials report.

The two men, Ardishibr Akhtari and Amir-Husayn Nadiri, were put to death last Monday after three years in prison, said Brad Pokorny, a spokesman for the Bahai International Community office dealing with United Nations affairs. He said the method of execution was not

'As with all other Bahai executions, Mr. Akhtari and Mr. Nadiri were executed solely for their religious beliefs," Mr. Community says.

There was no official word from Iran on the reported executions, or on any formal charges against the two Bahais, who Mr. Pokorny said served on the national spiritual assembly, the religion's leadership council in Iran, before that body was abolished by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's revolutionary government in 1983.

More than 200 Bahais have been killed or have disappeared in Iran since the Muslim fundamentalist revolution there in 1979, the Bahai International

Police arrest W. German said spying for Iraq

delivering military equipment to Iraq and spying for the Arab country, the Federal Prosecutor's Office said Friday.

Hans-Juergen Foerster, spokesman for Federal Prosecutor Kurt Rebmann, said the man is also suspected of providing information to the Iraqis on West German businessmen and companies dealing with Iran.

Mr. Foerster identified the suspect only as Josef K., a 37-yearold West German. He declined to provide the man's last name or to say for which company he work-

KARLSRUHE, West Germany (AP) — Police have arrested a West German man suspected of The man is suspected of having The man is suspected of having

spied for the traqis since 1977, Mr. Foersterr said, and is the first alleged Iraqi spy arrested in West The man is also suspected of

delivering, or seeking to supply military equipment to Iraq since at least 1983, Mr. Foerster said. The deliveries allegedly included night vision devices, coding equipment and weapons. He declined to elaborate.

West German law bans deliveries of military equipment to regions of tension. Iraq has been fighting Iran since 1980.

Iraq said to have | Austria aiding exodus of Iranian Jews

UNITED NATIONS (AP) — assistance to Jev Austrian Foreign Minister Alois become a "perm Mock said Friday his government foreign policy." had assisted the transit of more than 5.000 Iranian Jews through Pakistan, which will be visited next month by Austrian President Kurt Waldheim.

Mr. Mock told a group of reporters that he or Dr. Waldheim might discuss the question of expediting the emigration when they meet with Pakistani

In response to a reporter's question, the Austrian foreign minister said that only "cynics" would view Dr. Waldheim's participation in such discussions as a ploy to improve the Austrian president's tarnished image, especially among Jews. He stressed that Austrian

By P.V. Vivekanand

LEBANON's warring militiamen

kept their Kalashnikovs locked up

and carried instead babies to vac-

cination centres around the coun-

try during four "days of tranquil-

' in September when a nation-

immunisation campaign got

About 150,000 of Lebanon's

270,000 children under five were covered during the Sept. 21-24 period, which was the first round

of the campaign organised by the United Nations Children's Fund

(UNICEF), according to UN-

"It was a quite a miracle,"

according to Richard Reid, UN-ICEF director for the Middle East and North Africa region.

Guns fell silent, snipings stop-

ped, no mine explosions or thud

of mortars were heard. All rival-

ries appeared to have been buried

temporarily, and there was not a

single untoward incident any-

where in the 1930 villages in 29

districts of Lebanon during the

period," he said.

Mr. Reid, who is based in

Amman, personally supervised

the campaign which was put together by the Lebanese nation-

al UNICEF committee head, Raymond Naimi, and UNICEF

programme director Andre

Robert Froid. "Every group and organisation in Lebanon partici-

pated in the campaign and we were overwhelmed by the re-

sponse that the immunisation

generated," said Mr. Naimi.
"The Health Ministry as well as

related departments mobilised

of the (militia) leaders and politi-

cians even contributed their own

money and resources including

fuel, which is in short supply in

said Suha Majdalani, information

officer at the UNICEF regional

office in Amman. "Everyone had realised that the life of his or her

own children was the issue at

"It was the common cause of

the country," he added.

stake," she said.

ICEF officials here.

Since 1958, he noted, 272,000 exiting Soviet Jews had been processed through Austria. Their numbers have shown a sharp increase during the first eight months of 1987 — to 5,003, compared with 901 during a like period last year.

Aug. 31, he said, Austria had given visa and other administrative assistance to 5,100 Iranian Jews - 1,483 in the first eight months of 1987. Since Austria has only a small

From July 1, 1983 through last

embassy staff in Islamabad, he said, it has had trouble coping with the flow of Iranian Jews even with assistance from Jewish

and an all the same

assistance to Jewish emigres had become a "permanent part of our mr. Mock, who came to New Mr. Mock, who came to New York to address the 42nd session of the General Assembly, said his government was considering ex-

> Dr. Waldheim, who has been accused of participating in war crimes while a German army lietuenant in the Balkans during World War II, is to begin his official visit to Pakistan on Nov.

deal with the problem.

President Waldheim also has pending invitations from Hungary and Romania. While declining to name them, Mr. Mock said President Waldheim also had been invited to visit two Western countries.

Of the Iranian Jews, Mr. Mock

said he could not imagine that all of them were leaving Iran without at least the tacit consent of Iranian authorities.

Austria, he said, banned the panding its embassy capacity to sale of weapons to warring countries such as Iran and Iraq. But, Mr. Mock said, there have been two recent cases of suspected diversion of Austrian-made armaments to Iran through third countries namely Libya and Brazil. The cases are now under investigation.

One was said to involve a shipment of 110 pieces of heavy artillery that ostensibly had been ordered by a private firm doing business with the Brazilian armed forces. Austrian officials became

suspicious when they were told the shipment never reached Lebanese militiamen bury rivalries for

children's immunisation campaign hurdles when UNICEF planned it, according to Mr. Reid. "But the fact that UNICEF is the de

facto water authority in Lebanon was our main coinage," he said. UNICEF, which assumed the tough self-assumed task of ensuring water supplies to most regions of Lebanon after the Israeli invasion of that country in 1982. "used its contacts and friends" in mobilising the people for the campaign, said Mr. Reid, an American. In addition, the immense support offered by the numerous private and govern-ment television channels and radios, which scream at each other during most their time on air, was another major factor in spreading awareness of the cam-paign. This time they vied with each other to give the best air time to UNICEF. "In fact we had to ask some of the radio stations to stop broadcasts notifying the public of the campaign after the drive had actually ended on Sept.

24," added Mr. Naimi.

Two follow-up rounds of the campaign are scheduled to be held in October and November respectively. The first round offered the triple vaccine polio, whooping cough and diphtheria - and anti-measles and antitetanus shots. The second round will offer follow-up vaccines and also take in those who did not avail of the first round. Mr. Naimi said the first round raised the number of triple-vaccinated children from 53 per cent to 74 per cent and anti-measles from 42 per cent to 60 per cent. UN-ICEF's conservative goal for the children under five years of age.

'Our drive is aimed at every child of Lebanon regardless politics, religion." Mr. Naimi said. Mr. Reid recalled that UN-ICEF carried out a campaign under almost similar circumstances in strife-torn El Salvador in 1983. "There was only one kidnapping in El Salvador during the campaign," he said. "Rebel fighters crossed government army lines and kidnapped a doctor to inoculate 23 of their own chilpeace conference can be launched in the near future. President Gemayel spoke at a press conference Friday after a day of talks with Swiss Foreign

BERN, Switzerland (AP)

President Amin Gemayel of

Minister Pierre Aubert. Mr. Gemayel said the two reviewed recent Swiss consultations with other possible participants in a conference, including Israel, Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation. Switzerland had offered Gene-

va as site of the proposed

Mr. Gemayel dismissed as "very far-fetched" a book in which U.S. reporter Bob Woodward asserted that Mr. Gemayel's late brother, Bashir, had long-standing links to the Central Intelligence Agency.

"I regret that an eminent journalist jumped to hasty conclusions without verifying them," Mr. Gemayel said. "He probably has a very fertile imagination. It's easy to accuse the dead."

In "Veil: The Secret Wars of The CIA, 1981-1987," published earlier this week. Woodward said Bashir Gemayel secretly asked the CIA to provide security and intelligence aid after he was elected Lebanese president in 1982. Mr. Gemayel was assassinated before taking office. Woodward also claimed Mr.

about int'l parley payroll for years after he was recruited in the early 1970s while

Lebanon has said he doubts that an international Middle East working for a U.S. law firm. On the proposed peace conference, President Amin Gemayel said: "I venture to doubt it will be held shortly." He cited "Arab. Israeli regional and internationalconsiderations" as obstacles, but added: "It's necessary to main-

tain the momentum of peace.' President Gemayel said earlier on Friday his government had good information on all foreign hostages in his country but he did not hold out any hope for their immediate release.

"Our (intelligence) services are very well-informed... on all the hostages that have kidnapped in Lebanon and we share its information with the relevant services of friendly countries," he told a news conference.

But he said the hostage problem could not be solved effectively until Lebanon itself was freed from various armed foreign factions, which were themselves holding the fate of Lebanon hos-

President Gemayel arrived on Friday for talks on the Middle East with the Swiss president. He said he was on a working visit to discuss the prospects for

an international peace conference following similar recent discussions in Switzerland by officials from Israe!, Egypt, Jordan and the PLO.

Unknown group threatens U.S., Israeli embassies

BEIRUT (AP) — A previously unknown group threatened in a statement published Saturday to demolish the American and Israeli embassies in Cairo."

The Hilal (crescent) Revolutionary Organisation, in a short statement published by the independent daily An Nahar, also threatened to "kill all the Israelis in Egypt."

The group claimed responsibility for the abortive attempts to assassinate former Egyptian Interior Ministers Al Nabawy Ismail and Hassan Abu Basha earlier this year.

The group also said its operatives had "opened fire at American diplomats" in Cairo's Maadi Unidentified attackers fired at

the diplomats' car as they went to work May 26. Two of them suffered minor injuries. Gunmen in a speeding car

opened fire on Mr. Ismail's house in the Cairo residential district of Al Mohandessin Aug. 13, wounding two pedestrians. Mr. Ismail escaped unhurt. Mr. Abu Basha was seriously

wounded May 5 when gunmen in a pickup truck opened fire at him in front of his Cairo residence. Mr. Abu Basha succeeded Mr. Ismail as interior minister in 1982. Both men led police crackdowns on Muslim extremists in 1981 and 1982. Egypt's Revolution, a group in Cairo, has claimed responsibility | Progressive Socialist Party.

for the acts, and for three attacks on Israelis between 1984 and 1986 that killed a diplomat and the wife of a diplomat, and wounded six embassy staff members. Mohammad Kazem Abdul

Kawy, described as the main suspect in the attempt on Mr. Ismail's life, was killed in a shootout with police Aug. 28 in a Nile Delta village.

Chad fears Libyan attack N'DJAMENA, Chad (AP)

The Libyan army, including recently arrived Druze fighter from Lebanon, are making inten sive military preparations for nev attacks in northern Chad, th official Chad radio reporte Saturday.

sources, denounced what it sai was a continuous reinforcemenof men and material at the south ern Libyan base at Tanoua and i "certain localities of the extrem north" still occupied by the Li byan armv.

It said that "mercenaries sole by ... Walid Junblatt to his friend (Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi have been deployed it the region, referring to troop sent to Libya by the Lebanes; Druze leader and head of the

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

16:50 Local Agricultural programme Soccer

Programme Review
Children's programmes
Walt Disney

...... Local programme

| 19:50 | Programme review |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 20:00 | News in Arabic |
| | Arabic senes |
| 20:30 | Arabic series |
| 21:30 T.\ | /. Magazine (local) |
| 23:00 | News Summary |
| 23:10 | Arabic programme |
| | |
| PROGRAMME TV | io |
| | nittres et des leures |
| | |
| | Rue Carnot |
| | . L'Ecole des Fans |
| | News in French |
| 19:15 | French varieties |
| | . News in Hebrew |
| | Varieties |
| | News in Arabic |
| | |
| 20:30 Charles u | n Charge (comedy) |
| | The Wall Street |
| 22:00 | News in English |
| 22:20 | Blood and Orchids |

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

| 07:00 | Light Music |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 87:38 | Newdesk |
| 08:00 | Morning Show |
| 10:00 | News Summary |
| 11:05 | In Concert |
| 12:00 | News Summary |
| 12:05 | Pop Talk |
| 13:00 | News Summary |
| 13:05 | Pop Session contd. |
| 14:00 | News Bulletin |
| 14:10 | Instrumentals |
| 14:10 | Science Report |
| | |
| 15:00 | |
| 16:00 | News Summary |
| 16:05 | Instrumentals |
| 16:3 0 | Old Favourites |
| 17: 00 | Listeners' Choice |
| 18:00 | News Summary |
| 18:05 | Jazz Hour |
| 19:00 | Newsdesk |
| 19:30 | Date with a Star |
| 20:00 | Evening Show |
| 21:00 | News Summary |
| 21:05 | Evening Show continued |
| 21:55 | News Summary |
| 22:00 | Evening Show continued |
| 23:00 | News Summary |
| | , |
| | ,, |

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1323 KHz

67:00 Newsdesk 67:30 Music for a While 07:45 Reflections 67:50 Finan-cial Review 68:00 World News 08:09 Happy Talk 98:30 The Spinners 98:45
Letter from America 99:00 Newsdesk
99:30 Sex and Society 10:00 World
News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary
10:30 From Our Own Correspondent 10:30 From Our Own Correspondent 10:45 Sportsworld 10:50 Waveguide 10:00 World News 11:49 Reflections 11:15 Sportsworld 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 Through My Window 12:30 Financial News: Look Ahead 12:45 Three Wishes 13:00 News Summary: Sex and Society 13:15 Classical Record Review 13:30 Religious Service 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Britain 14:15 Persona Grata 14:30 Rock from the Beeh Archives 15:15 My Music 15:30 Good Books 16:00 World News 16:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 16:30 Globe Theatre: Clouds 16:48 Sports Roundup 17:00 News Summary 17:30 Half-Hour Drama: Persuasion 17:45 Taste of Blond 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Sportsworld 19:00 World News 19:09 Women and the AIDS Crisis 19:15 A Green and World News 19:09 Women and the AIDS Crisis 19:15 A Green and Pleasant Land 19:45 Letter from America 20:00 World News 20:09 Re-flections 20:15 Sportsworld 20:45 Sports Roundup 21:00 Newsdesk 21:30 Globe Theatre: Clouds 22:30 News Summary 22:39 Stock Market Report

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 1174, 11925 and 15210 Hz

23:30 Hymns on Holiday 24:00 News Summary: Short Story 02:15 Letter from America 02:30 Sex and Society

06:00 News 06:10 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 VOA Morning 09:00 News 09:10 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 New Horizons 18:30 Studio One 19:00 News 19:10 Encounter 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Critic's Choice 20:30 Issues in the News 21:30 News 21:10 Encounter 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Sunday Report 22:30 Maria US Music, USA Standards 23:00 News & Editornal 23:10 The Concert Hall 24:00 News 24:10 New Horizons 24:30 Stu-dio One

WHAT'S GOING ON

take," she said. children is plunging, thus paving
The campaign covered "every the way for the major child-

children that was the best guaran-tee for the security situation," threats, Mr. Naimi said. "We

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

A painting exhibition by Bassam Mafadlah at the Housing Bank Gallery (until Oct. 17).

A painting exhibition by Yousef ussein at the British Council (until

CULTURAL CENTRES

| Royal Cultural Centre To | d 6610767 |
|--|-------------|
| American Centre | 61. 0010237 |
| American Centre Library | 641520 |
| British Council | 636147/8 |
| French Cultural Centre | 637004 |
| Goethe Institute | 641993 |
| Soviet Cultural Centre | 644203 |
| Spanish Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre | 624049 |
| Turkish Cultural Centre | 639777 |
| Hava Arts Centre | 665195 |
| Hussein Youth City | n67 8[# |
| Y.W.C.A | 64179. |
| Y.W.M.A | 664251 |
| Amman Municipal Library | 637111 |
| Univ. of Jordan Library | 843555 |

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 naya Aris Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics

from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th

centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9 (8) a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Cinced Tuesdays. Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of maintains and a collection of maintains. tries and a collection of paintings by

19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabat Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Resolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9,00 a.m.-4,00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

Suha Majdalani)

with us," he said.

corner of Lebanon," including

Israel's self-styled "security

zone" in the south where land-

mines and heavy guns pose some

threats, Mr. Naimi said. "We

were surprised to locate some

villages which were not listed

According to Mr. Reid, the

nutrition situation of Lebanon's

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace hotel. 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings ev-Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.10 p.m. p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman. Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590, Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh. Tel. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757, Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic), Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian lan-guage, meet every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. Tel: 622366

Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdalt, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jahal Amman, Tel. 625803. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrufich, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Inter-denominational), meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmersant, Tel. 67/33. Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Ara-bic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir 811295)

Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumental English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. tel. 822605, Rev. Veli.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

69:30

18:20

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

killing diseases to take their toll.

at a time when it is most needed."

he said. "Any delay would have

had catastrophic results," he said.

the militia battle for supremacy

and the civil war violence that has

claimed the lives of over 130,000

people in 12 years, a campaign of the magnitude and logistical na-

ture as that of the UNICEF drive

had appeared to be stewn with

Seen against the background of

"The Lebanon campaign comes

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Oucen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN (RJ) FLIGHTS

| :15 | Aqaba (RJ |
|-----|-------------------------|
| :15 | Cairo (R. |
| | Kuwast (RJ |
| | Jeddah (RJ |
| | Doha, Bahram (RJ |
| | Dubui, Ahu Dhabi (Ri |
| | Landon (RJ |
| | Carro, Aqaba (RJ |
| | Frankfurt (RJ |
| | New York. Amsterdam (RJ |
| | Brussels. Geneva (RJ |
| | Paris (RJ |
| :30 | Madrid, Ronk: (RJ |

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

| | Berlin, Lamaca (IF) |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| 1:40 | Damaścus (AZ) |
| 2:00 | Baghdad (IA) |
| 2:45 | Kuwait (LN) |
| 3:20 | Caire (MS) |
| 3-30 | Jeddah (SV) |
| 3:40 | Muscat. Abu Dhabi, Doha (GF) |
| 4:35 | Kuwaii (KU) |
| 5:30 | Dubai (EK) |
| 7:35 | Alhens (OA) |
| 9-1A | Frankfurt (LH) |
| 0:45 | London, Cairo (BA) |
| VV | |
| - | |

DETARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN (RJ) FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

| 13.00 | Agaba (K) |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| 12:00 | Vienna, New York (RJ |
| 12:30 | Tunis, Casabianca (RJ |
| 13:30 | Cairo (RI |
| 20;40 | Kuwait, Dhahran (RJ) |
| | Dubai, Muscat (RJ) |
| 20:5 5 | Bahrain, Ahu Dhahi (R.) |
| 20:55 | Baghdad (RJ |
| 21:00 | Lamaca (RJ |
| 21:15 | |
| 22:15 | Damascus (RJ |
| 72.70 | Kurla I warmer Ciacamana (D.) |
| 221.70 | Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ |
| 23:0U | Bangkok (RJ |
| | _ |
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OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

dren behind rebel lines."

| Damascus, Paris (AF) Beirut (ME) Rome (AZ) Lamara, Berlin (IF) Baghdad (IA) Tripoli (LN) Cairo (MS) Bahrain, Abu Dhabi (GF) Kuwaii (KU) Duhai (EK) Athana (OA) Sangara (I H | , |
|---|--------------------------|
| Beirut (ME) Rome (AZ) Larnaca Berlin (IF) Rone (AZ) Rone (AZ) Baghdad (IA) Tripoli (LN) Cairo (MS) Bahrain, Abu Dhahi (GF) Jeddah (SV) Kuwair (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | Damascus, Paris (AF) |
| Rome (AZ) Lamaca Berlin (IF) Rome (AZ) Baghdad (IA) Tripoli (LN) Cairo (MS) Bahrain, Abu Dhahi (GF) Luwair (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | Roinu /ME) |
| Larnaca Berlin (IF) Rome (AZ) Rome (AZ) Baghdad (IA) Tripoli (LN) Cairo (MS) Bahrain Abu Dhahi (GF) Leddah (SV) Kuwait (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | |
| Rome (AZ) Baghdad (IA) Tripoli (LN) Cairo (MS) Bahrain, Abu Dhahi (GF) Jeddah (SV) Kuwait (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | Kome (AZ) |
| Rome (AZ) Baghdad (IA) Tripoli (LN) Cairo (MS) Bahrain, Abu Dhahi (GF) Jeddah (SV) Kuwait (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | Lamuca, Berlin (IF) |
| Baghdad (1A) Tripoli (LN) Cairo (MS) Bahrain, Abu Dhahi (GF) Jeddah (SV) Kuwair (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | |
| Tripoli (LN) Cairo (MS) Bahrain, Abu Dhahi (GF) Jeddah (SV) Kuwair (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | |
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| Kuwait (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | Daniani. Ant Mitara (AL) |
| Kuwait (KU) Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | |
| Duhai (EK) Athens (OA) | Kuwait (KU) |
| Athens (OA) | |
| | |
| Sana'a H H t | |
| | Sana'a (LH) |

Frankfort (LH)

MONEY EXCHANGE

| | Satu | rday | rates |
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| 1 | Local sell/buy Belgian franc | fales on 7 | in tib |
| | Duich guilder French (ranc | 166.7 | 1674 |
| | 1(3)13h [15] | . 75 W | 76 |
| | Japanese ven (for 100) Swedish crown | .53.6/ | - 51 |
| | Swiss frame U.K. sterling pound | 550 2 | 563 6 |
| | U.S. dollar W. German mark | 7.15 A: | 214 |

PRAYER TIMES

| (Sunrise) L |
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| Mag |
| |

Bulletia supplied by the Department of

A drop in temperature is expected, with the appearance of some low clouds, Winds will be northwesterly

| | Min./max. tem |
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| A | 17/ |
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| Jordan Val | ley 21 / |
| 10100H 1 H | bey |
| V | s high temperatures: An gaba 40. Humidity reading 5 per cent. Aqaba 25 p |

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES Jordan Television 773111/19 Hotel complaints 66412 Price complaints 661176 Telephone Information 12 Jurdan and Middle East calls 10 Civil Defence Owersmen 7035 Civil Defence Deir Alla 57306 Ambulance 193, 775111 Amman dewntown fire brigade 198 First aid 531341

NIGHT DUTY Dr. Tawliq Oub'ein 623029 Dr. Mahmoud Disi 743345 Dr. George Sahouri 894546

Overseas calls ...

Repair service 11

| Blood Bank | repair service |
|---|---------------------------|
| Biood Bank | ASSECTION PARTIES. |
| Civil Defence rescue 661111 | NIGHT DUTY |
| Fire headquarters 622090-3 Police rescue 192, 621111, 637777 | |
| Police rescue 192, 621111, 637777 | AMMAN: |
| Police beachuarters 039141 | Dr. Tawliq Oub ein h23029 |
| Traffic police | Dr. Mahmoud Disi |
| Electric Power Co. 636381/4, 624881 | Dr. George Sahouri 894546 |
| Municipal water complaints 771125/8 | Dr. Tayseer Sa'di |
| Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08153330:60) | Firas pharmacy 661912 |
| Queen Adia titit. Airport (08125350-18) | Ferdows pharmacy |
| | A1 A |
| | Al Asema pharmacy |
| | Nairoukh pharmacy 623672 |
| HOSDITALO | Al Salam pharmacy 636730 |
| HOSPITALS | |
| | TAXIS: |
| | Ahram ta u |
| Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 | Veneria taxi 644585 |
| Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann 644281:6 | Palestine taxi 67[473 |
| Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2 | Shmeisani taxi |
| Jabal Amman Maternity 642367 | Mehyar taxi 644574 |
| Malhay, J. Amman 636140 | Khavyam taxi 841577 |
| Palestine. Shmeisani 664171.4 | Jordan (23050) |
| Shmeisani Hospital 669131 | Asem taxi |
| University Hospital | ASSIII 000 |
| Al Manufaction and the control of the Control | INDIA |
| Al-Mussher Hospital | Dr. F. Jbour (—) |
| The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37 | Dr. F. Joour (—) |
| Al-Ahli, Ahdali 664164.6 | Sadoon pharmacy (—) |
| Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3 | |
| Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 | ZARQA: |
| Army Marka | Dr. Sameer Lawzi |
| Oucen Alia Hospital 60224050 | Jerusalem pharmacy (—) |
| Amal Hospital | Tomas of the contract |
| r med 110-pres 11 174137 | Tamer pharmacy () |

MARKET PRICES

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| Gartic | |
| Grapes (white) | 200 / 100 |
| Grapes (black) | |
| Grapefreit | 38CCUPEON 45 750 / 900 |
| Lemon (green) | Tomatoes |
| | |

لُ عِلَدًا صنه الأحل

Princess Basma to join in children's festivities

patronise a children's festival in Madaba on Monday, as part of the country's activities on Arab Child Day.

Children from the community centres set up by the Queen Alia Welfare Fund (QASWF) ii. man, Mafraq, and Madaba will ake part in the festival, which will include national dances, songs, and musical recitals, and children's plays. The festival will include, exhibitions of children's books, costumes, and art work.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Royal activities around the country. Highness Princess Basma will In Karak, it was announced In Karak, it was announced that a festival will be held to mark the occasion, in addition to the inauguration of children's park and displays of children's books and drawings.

The Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF) announced last month that it will organise various activities for the benefit of the children in different parts of the Kingdom between Oct. 5 and 10 to mark Arab Child Day. The NHF's activities will include seminars on educating children and children's health, as well as Princess Basma is president of the QASWF, which supervises different voluntary and charitable exhibitions of art work by children up to the age of 15 from private and government schools.

Sharif Zaid opens second officers training course

AMMAN (Petra) - Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker opened at the Royal War Academy on Saturday the second -training course for officers.

Sharif Zaid, in his opening address, congratulated the officers for their selection to this high-level course, which will pre-pare them for higher ranks in the

armed forces. He also said that the holding of this course reflects His Majesty King Hussein's interest in developing and modernising the armed forces, in order to account armed forces, in order to account for technological and military

In his speech during the cere-mony, the academy's commander said that the academy, thanks to the efforts of its supervisors and student officers, succeeded in shouldering the immense task of

education. He also pointed out that the academy's main goals were manifested in achieving the armed forces' aspirations, through continuing and tireless efforts.

The opening ceremony was also attended by Armed Forces Chief of Staff Lieutenant-General Fathi Abu Taleb and his aides, as well as a number of high-ranking armed forces and royal academy



nmad Taha Ismail, director of the Fire Engines Department in Sudan learns about Jordan's civil defence operations during a Saturday meeting with Minister of Interior

Rajai Dajani, Director of the Civil Defence Department Major-General Khaled Tarawneh, and the Sudanese ambassador to Jordan, Mahjoub Radwan

Sudanese official discusses civil defence with Dajani, Tarawneh

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Interior Rajai Dajani met in his office on Saturday with Major General Mohammad Taha Ismail, director of the Fire Engines Department in Sudan, and discussed with him prospects for cooperation between Jordan and Sudan in firefighting and civil defence operations techniques.

The meeting was attended by Major-General Khaled Tarawneh, director of the Civil Defence Department (CDD) and Sudan's ambassador to Jordan, Mahjoub

The Sudanese official arrived in Amman on Thursday for a week-long visit to Jordan. He will be touring civil defence services. as well as archaeological and touristic sites in the Kingdom. Upon his arrival Maj.-Gen.

Ismail said his visit, which is at the invitation of Maj.-Gen. Tarawneh, is aimed at familiarising himself with Jordan's experience in civil defence work, firefighting, and other related areas.

Later, the Sudanese official They later wer met with Maj.-Gen. Tarawneh our at a lunch I and senior CDD officers for a Gen. Tarawneh.

briefing on the CDD's opera-tions. Maj-Gen. Ismail was taken on a tour of the CDD's services and familiarised himself with the early alarm service which offers prompts response from the CDD to emergency calls from com-

panies and factories in Jordan.
The Sudanese official and his accompanying delegation also called at the Al Hussein Medical Centre and the Queen Alia Heart Institute, as well as at the first aid centre at Jabal Luweibdeh.

They later were guests of hon-our at a lunch hosted by Maj.-

Conference for Crown **Prince Award calls** for expansion of scheme

AMMAN (J.T.) — Participants in the first Arab Conference for the Crown Prince Award called for the establishment of an administrative office headed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, which would expand to include offices in different governorates of the Kingdom.

day conference, the participants also called for ensuring the continuation of the award through donations and other measures. The conferees recommended training members in the philosophy and aims of the award, and enlisting professional instructors for the award's activities.

In addition, they called for the printing of a guide book for the award, and organising a media campaign to increase public awareness of the award's many aspects, through television programmes organised by arrangements between Arab countries. Support for other interested Arab countries was also suggested, as well as preparation of information brochures on the award which might encourage these countries' participation in the

The participants called for the holding of a conference every two years for the Arab countries implementing the award scheme. and for inviting the countries who have not yet adopted it to do so. They also expressed interest in holding a yearly, local youth con-

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Energy and Mineral Re-

At the conclusion of the five- ference, which would include the conference participants, supervisors, and specialists.

The conference called for including mentally and physically handicapped youth in the award through the participation of the Jordanian Union of Sports for the Handicapped. Visits between Jordan and countries following the award scheme to exchange experiences were also recommended, as well as creating a slogan and membership cards for the award's supervisors and

In the area of sports, the participants called for giving more attention to water sports, and for monitoring the actual progress of each programme in order to ensure high standards.

A temporary committee in-cluding members from the award office and advisors from the Arab countries participating in the award scheme is to be established in response to a recommendation made by the conferees for a special committee to present the minister of youth with a plan for an Arab award. The minister, in turn, will present this to the Arab World.

Two generating units to be

purchased for utilising gas

Ministers of Youth and Sports. who will meet in Morocco next month

The aims of the award are to encourage personal discovery and develop self-reliance among young people. They are encouraged to set personal goals, to manage their time on a voluntary basis, and to develop perseverance, determination, initiative, and enthusiasm, as well as social responsibility. The award scheme now being implemented in 47 countries.

Minister of Youth Eid Al Dahiyat, in his opening speech on Tuesday, described the philosophy and aims of the Crown Prince horizons to build methods which can answer practical hopes and aspirations of the youth, since it offers different dimensions which cover nearly all aspects of build-

ing a personality.

At the end of the conference, the participants sent a telegram to His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan thanking him for his patronage of the first Arab conterence to discuss the possibility of spreading the idea of the award throughout the Arab World.

The participants also expressed their gratitude for the Crown Prince's constant advice, from the beginning of the award scheme. which has enabled it to expand to

Treater UNICEF: Measles nearly eradicated in Jordan

· AMMAN (J.T.) — Measies, one of the major child-killing diseases, is almost eradicated in Jordan, according to the regional director of the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).

Speaking to reporters on Thursday, Mr. Richard Reid, UNICEF regional director for the Middle East and North Africa, said Jordan, Turkey, and Oman were the three major countries in the region that have managed to put a tight rein on measles. Mr. Reid has indicated in pre-

vious interviews with the Jordan Times that UNICEF does not feel that a massive nation-wide cam-paign is necessary in Jordan. since the health services of the country are excellent and wellorganised, and are covering the rural population in the outlying regions. Under the ongoing process, babies and pregnant mothers are offered the triple vaccine — protection against diphtheria, whooping cough, and polio — and anti-measles and anti-tetanus shots.

Data systems workshop opens at university

on the employment of data systems in operating high education institutions in the Arab World opened at the University of Jor-

dan on Saturday. Specialists from universities in seven Arab countries, the Israelioccupied Arab territory, and education organisations in Canada are taking part in the workshop which was organised in cooperation with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UN-

> Addressing the opening session was Rashad Natour, dean of the Faculty of Science at the University of Jordan, who underlined the importance of utilising computers for the sake of developing data systems and for supporting all scientific projects in Arab universities. The University of Jor-

ZARQA (J.T.) — A specialised

seminar on the maintenance of

Arab oil refineries opened Satur-

day at the Jordan Petroleum Re-

The two-week gathering is being organised by the Baghdad-based Arab Oil Training Insti-

(Continued from page 1)

The Ras Al Khafji terminal

handles oil produced in the so-

called neutral zone shared by

Saudi Arabia and Kuwait and

quoted a Kuwaiti Defence Minis-

and naval surveillance system did

not monitor any suspicious move-

ments over the past 24 hours."

Arab diplomatic sources here

said the Saudis and Kuwaitis may

have decided to downplay the

incident since the Iranian speed-

boats had not ventured into the

12-nautical-mile limit of territo-

The Saudi official stressed the

kingdom will "not hesitate a

second" in defending its home-

land and its allies in the Gulf

Cooperation Council (GCC) in

The GCC groups Saudi Ara-

Kuwait also announced its nav-

al forces would conduct exercises

bia. Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain, Oman and the United Arab Emi-

the event of aggression.

rial waters.

itry official as saying "Kuwaiti air

The Kuwait News Agency

sold on behalf of Iraq.

finery Company (JPRC) here.

Oil refinery seminar to

Jets chase off Iranian boats

review modern methods

AMMAN (Petra) - A workshop dan, he said, has been giving greater attention to the use of computers, and has recently received three huge computer devices to be used for academic purposes and for training prog-

Also addressing the opening session was Dr. Nabih Aqel, assistant president of the Association of Arab Universities (AAU). who said that any development in the use of computers will have a beneficial effect on Arab educational institutions, and on planning for higher education in the Arab World until the year 2000. Othman Abayazid, director of the UNESCO office in Amman,

said that the current workshop was part of an international prog-ramme endorsed by a UNESCO international conference held in

tion of Arab Petroleum Export-ing Countries (OAPEC) in coop-

will hear lectures on the basic

concepts of modern training

with live ammunition in Kuwait's

territorial waters between the is-

lands of Qarourah and Umm Al

Maradem, 50 kilometres south-

The announcement said man-

oeavres which would include

target practice on vessels would

take place between Oct. 6 and 7.

The ministry warned ships to

are widely held responsible for

the hit-and-run attacks on neutral

shipping in the region in retalia-

tion for Iraqi raids on Iranian oil

tanker routes. The Iranians have

also been blamed for sowing

Iran's Revolutionary Guards

east of Kuwait City.

avoid the area.

the Gulf.

The participants in the seminar

eration with the JPRC.

methods.

Labour Ministry plans new law

By Samir Hiyari Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Ministry of Labour and Social Development will shortly announce a new labour law which will take into consideration the rights of employers and workers and will meet the requirements of the present labour market, Minister of Labour and Social Development Khaled Haj Hassan announced Saturday.

The minister said that the current difficult circumstances encountered by employers, and new developments in the Arab labour market, are delaying the announcement of the new law, but serious efforts are being made

during a visit to the new employ ment office, which opened to the public on Thursday. The office receives and processes applica-

ing employment and holds contact with different businesses and companies to find jobs for the applicants.

Referring to the unemployment situation in the Kingdom. the minister said that 82,000 job seekers have registered their names with the Ministry of Labour, and the ministry has found work for 5,000 of them. In addition, he said 26,000 other job seekers, mostly university graduates, have sent applications to the Civil Service Commission in order to obtain employment at government offices.

The Ministry of Labour urges all job seekers to benefit from the available opportunities and take up jobs in the hotel, construction, services sectors, in which 100,000 positions now exist, the minister said.

Foreign workers will not be given jobs in the country if Jorda-

tions by Jordanian workers seek- mans are available to take them, and the Ministry of Labour will not allow non-Jordanians to assume jobs in private and public organisations unless it makes sure that no Jordanian substitutes are available, Mr. Haj Hassan pointed out.

The minister appealed to employers and businessmen to contact the ministry and its employ-ment offices whenever they seek workers, instead of employing non-Jordanians. In implementation of a deci-

sion by the Cabinet on finding a solution to the unemployment problem, the Ministry of Labour has initiated training programmes for Jordanians. Jordanians wishing to obtain employment. the minister said, can take these three-month courses before bein offered jobs. He noted that nearly 75 per cent of the unemployed are school and community college

Commemoration of Jerusalem's liberation begins at university

By Sana Atiyeb Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Students, professors, and writers gathered at an auditorium at the University of Jordan on Saturday to hear the well-known Palestinian writer and poet, Mr. Abdel Rahim Omar, reciting his poetry, thus opening Jerusalem Week. Jerusalem Week, patronised by

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, and organised by the Cultural Committee at the University of Jordan, also opened with an exhibition of various books, research papers, docutute, an affiliate of the Organisa

ments, and manuscripts on Jerusalem, dating back from hundreds of years ago to the present. The poetry recital and exhibition are part of a week-long

cultural celebration to commemorate 800 years of the liberation of Jerusalem by Saladin Al Ayyoubi, the most famous Muslim hero. Saladin was the Muslim Sultan of Egypt, Syria, Yemen, and Palestine, and founder of the Ayyoubi Dynasty. On Oct. 2, 1187, he liberated Jerusalem by war from the Christian crusaders, ending their 88-year occupation of the holy city.

On Wednesday, Dr. Kamel Asali will present a slide show entitled, "A Visit to Jerusalem in the Ayyoubi and Mamalik Era." And to conclude the week-long activity, there will be a scientific mission for Jerusalem Affairs.

give a lecture on Monday entitled

Impact on Arabic Literature in

Liberation of Jerusalem and its

seminar on Oct. 11, presided over by Crown Prince Hassan. The seminar includes Mr. Akram Zu'aitar, a prominent Palestinian and president of the Royal Com-As part of Jerusalem Week.

Brilliant colours, intricate patterns characterise patchwork designs

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Filling the Goethe Institute exhibition hall with briliant colours this week is a display of the patchwork and applique work of Svetlana Belbelian and Tamarra Goussous. Carefully and thoughtfully arranged around the hall are wallhaugings. cushions, pictures, quilts and bedspreads, all beautifully stitched and finely finished with frames

frames and linings..
The professional quality of the work belies the fact that the two women only started quilting in January of this year, and the 27 intricate pieces on display are the result of just eight months work. Originally from Russia, Mrs.

mines in Gulf tanker lanes. The Iranians appear undaunted Belbelian and Mrs. Goussous are also both fully qualified engineers by the growing armada of about who make many of their own clothes. It was the scraps of mate-rial left over from their dressmak-80 U.S. and western navy units in The latest contingent to join the fleets were four Italian ing that prompted the women to start quilting, teaching them-selves as they went along from books and magazines on the subwarships that docked at Muscat, Oman, earlier in the day. The Italians, like the Americans and ject. "Quilting and applique is certainly not new to Jordan," French, will be escorting their national flag tankers and freighters in the imperiled Gulf waters. Mrs. Goussous told the Jordan



An intricately-patterned patchwork quilt: one example of the work of artists Svetlana Belbelian and Tamarra Goussous, which is currently on display at the Goethe Institute.

Times, "but we exhibited our work to give people ideas on how to use up scraps of material and on how to decorate their homes."

Clever juxtaposition of bright colours and interesting textures are the hallmarks of Mrs. Belbelian and Mrs. Goussous' work. These qualities are especially apparent in such pieces as "flowers on the window," where tiny florally printed cottons act as a foil to the patches of grey satin whose soft gleam is reminiscent

of the glow of light filtering through the pane of a window. Equally clever are the patchwork pictures of "Petra," where strips of textured and printed fabrics in pinks, reds. purples and browns have been stitched vertically to rise up the picture like Petra's rugged peaks, and "Wadi Rum," where a fabric "painting" of dunes and camels rests on a fabric "easel" waiting for the artist to return to continue work with the fabric "brush and palette of col-

sources, in cooperation with the Natural Resources Authority (NRA), has decided to purchase generating units. Gas reserves at Risha, originaltwo gas turbine generating units were estimated at one trillion to produce electric power utiliscubic feet, may be larger, and NRA sources say that its teams ing vast quantities of gas recently

found in northeastern regions of the Kingdom. A ministry source was quoted as saying that the two generating stations will have 30 megawatts each, and will be operational for the coming 15 to 20 years. The appraisal wells. employment of the two stations will result in saving up to 15 per

to the source. Significant gas fields have been found in the Risha area of the country, not far away from the border with Iraq. The source said that the development of the gas fields will help cut an oil import

bill which last year topped \$600

cent of the energy that is being generated by diesel oil turbines in

the country, at present, according

the NRA is preparing for work at Risha and is laying the ground work for the installation of the

are assessing the fields and plan-ning to drill five or six more A contract for construction of a high-voltage transmission line be-

tween Risha and Amman already has been awarded to the Romanian company Romelectro. The 350-kilometre line is expected to be completed on in one year's time, according to the NRA

Exploration for oil in Jordan started in the 1930s, and, lately, overseas oil companies have ing in Jordan. Amoco corporation of the U.S.

shown renewed interest in explor-

is exploring a concession area around the Jordan Valley, while Hunt Oil Company of Texas has a concession in Al Jafr region. Belgium's Petrofina is searching for gas in the northern plateau, close to the Syrian border. A Canadian team from the oil

company. Petrocanada, has embarked on seismological surveys at Rweished and Risha, in cooperation with NRA, according to a report in Al Ra'i Arabic daily Saturday. The team is corducting surveys across an area of 50 kilometres, but surveys will continue to cover 1.100 kijometres in the next six : according to the paper.

Last March, the Jordanian and Canadian governments signed a deal paving the way for Canadian exploration teams to conduct the surveys in Jordan, in the course of prospecting for oil and gas. The deal was concluded during a visit to Canada by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan.

Civil Registration Department announces voter card update

By Ahmad Kreishan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Civil Registration Department (CRD) on Saturday announced new measures to facilitate the process of handing over the voter identification cards to all eligible Jordanian voters who have already completed applications to obtain the

CRD Director Adnan Mirza said, under the new measures, the use of the department's civil registration family book, betterknown as "daftar al 'aaileh." as a document to obtain information for filling the applications to obtain the voter card will no longer be requested. Instead, all information related to the applicant will be taken fromt he voter lists, which were prepared last May. During the May process, the family book was used as the only legal document under which eligible Jordanian voters were able to register their names in these lists.

From now on, anyone wishing to fill out applications for the cards on behalf of the applicant have to present two copies listing the names of the applicants.
Possession of the card was

made mandatory with the adoption of Jordan's new law on elections in April 1986. Without these cards, no eligible Jordanian voter can cast ballots in the next par-

The Ministry of Interior announced on Aug. 1, a threemonth period for receiving applications for voter cards. Nearly 912.000 of Jordan's almost 1.2 million eligible voters signed their names on the voters list.

Mr. Mirza also announced another measure reversing previous steps to hand over to applicants their individual voter cards. Under the new measure, any person can collect the card on behalf of an applicant provided the collector deposits a legal document at the centre, which he or she can collect once he or she is presented a paper signed by all voters who have received their

Conference to tackle issues in veterinary medicine

AMMAN (Petra) — Under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the third scientific conference of the Arab Veterinarians Union will be held at the University of Jordan Faculty of Engineering on Oct. 3.

During the four-day conference, some 70 working papers will be discussed on unifying the regulations for practising veterinary medicine in the Arab World, developing curricula of veterinary medicine faculties, public veterinary health institutes, the diseases common between humans and animals, and veterinary vaccines.

On the sidelines of the conference there will be an exhibition of veterinary equipment in which a number of local and international companies will participate.

|Housing specialists to study low-cost building

specialists in housing affairs will hold a meeting at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) on Tuesday to study means for reducing the cost of housing construction.

The meeting is being organised to pave the way for Jordan's observation of the Arab Housing Day, scheduled for Oct. 15. The meeting is also in prepara-

tion for a symposium to discuss practical aspects of designing and building low cost homes and employing building materials according to specifications, as well as the prices of land and real estate in Jordan. Representatives of public and private organisations will take part in the sympo-

Last month, a newly-formed national committee charged with organising activities and celebrations for the Arab Housing Day

AMMAN (J.T.) - A group of held several meetings under the chairmanship of Shafiq Zawaideh, director of the Housing Corporation. The committee discussed developing an informational plan for housing that would involve various sectors. The plan would focus light on the need to handle all housing issues by considering the human element, as well as financial matters, and

> According to the committee, a number of housing projects will be inaugurated in the Kingdom to

> mark the Oct. 15 occasion. Mr. Zawaideh said, in a statement carried by Al Ra'i Arabic daily on the eve of the committee meeting, that the Housing Corporation aims at providing a nome for every citizen, and is being helped in its endeavour by the RSS, which conducts research programmes on low-cost housing.

parata

Give the Gulf its due

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein's tour of the Arab Gulf states must be seen as a solid step towards holding the Nov. 8 Arab summit. By discussing with their leaders and canvassing the countries of the Gulf Cooperation Council to add the Arab-Israeli conflict and the problem of Lebanon to the agenda of the forthcoming summit, His Majesty sought not to score gains in Jordan's diplomatic efforts, but to secure Arab consensus and collective action. The King wanted common sense and realism in contemporary Arab politics to triumph and prevail.

There is no doubt that the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Lebanese situation are issues that have become organically linked with the Gulf war; in many ways, they are inseparable from it. To include them as complementary issues to the Gulf crisis is a service to realism and tantamount to the acceptance of the proposition that all of these conflicts are now interrelated to varying degrees and extents. With regard to the Arab-Israeli dilemma, the repercussions of the Iran-Iraq war have obviously affected the overall conflict. For one thing, there is now the emerging Tel Aviv-Tehran connection on more than one front. with Israel supplying arms and military assistance to Iran with a view to cement a permanent strategic relations which go beyond the expatriation of Iranian Jews to Israel. The long-range dimensions of the growing relationships between Israel and Iran will undoubtedly have a great bearing on the Arab-Israeli conflict.

As far as the situation in Lebanon is concerned, one cannot dismiss the role that the Iranian or pro-Iranian elements are now playing on that front. This Iranian-Lebanese connection is thus a dimension of the Gulf war that no Arab country can afford to dismiss or minimise. By recognising the interrelation between the Gulf war and the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Lebanese war, the Arab World would, in effect, accord the Gulf crisis and the Iranian threat their full due.

Likewise, by including the other two conflicts to the agenda of the Amman Arab summit, the Arab World would be giving signals to the superpowers that the Arab countries consider these two issues as high priorities which no meaningful Arab summit could neglect. After all, we in the Arab World are suggesting, if not outright insisting, that the agenda of the forthcoming Reagan-Gorbachev summit should include not only the Gulf conflict per se, but the Arab-Israeli conflict, as well. It would obviously be incongruous and contradictory to demand the superpowers to deal with the Arab-Israeli conflict, while, at the same time, inform them that the Amman Arab summit has not considered these issues as urgent or as high-priority cases worthy of consideration by the Arab heads of state.

Clearly, to add the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Lebanese war to the agenda of the November summit would add credence to the assertions that the Gulf war has dimensions that go beyond the core of Iran-Iraq conflict. In effect, their inclusion would enlarge the significance of the Gulf conflict and elevate it to the status that it rightfully deserves. The best thing that the Arab governments could do for the Gulf war is to connect it not only to the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Lebanese situation, but to all possible aspects of the war itself to the extent that they touch on the Arab national interests.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Israeli murder

IN a new development inside the occupied Arab territories, the Israeli forces on Friday carried out a mass murder by opening fire on three Palestinians, killing them instantly. This murder in cold blood seems to have been committed in reply to the resistance attack carried out against Israeli troops occupying Lebanese territory over the past weeks, resulting in the death and injury of a number of soldiers. The Israelis, seeking to avoid further losses in their fight against the Arabs, have opted for attacking defenceless civilians in the occupied Arab lands, providing further evidence of the nature of terrorism characterising Zionism. By killing the three citizens in the Gaza Strip the Israelis have thus left the indigenous population with no alternative but to use any means available to them for the sake of defending themselves and their rights. Israel's mass murder campaigns against the Arab inhabitants can never bring to the Israelis security or peace because terrorism and assassination can only beget violence and counter attacks and more bloodshed. This latest crime was a manifestation by the Israelis that they are not only opposed to peace but they want to practice terrorism and oppression against the Arab population under their rule to force them to capitulate.

Al Dustour: Meeting of minds

AS soon as U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz made known his intention of visiting a number of Middle Eastern capitals, while on his way to Moscow, Israel's Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir made a statement in which he reiterated Israel's firm and unchanging stand with regard to peace in the Middle East. In his statement Shamir was careful to announce again with all arrogance that he refuses the idea of an international conference to be held under United Nations auspices to help bring peace to the area. To make things easier for Shamir. Shultz himself has not yet announced his country's acceptance of the idea of the international conference. By taking a negative stand towards the idea of the conference, the United States has encouraged Israel to pursue its present policy, and has lost more than a chance for the establishment of peace. It would not be surprising then to see Shamir reiterating Israel's stand before the U.S. secretary of state as long as Washington itself continues to oppose the idea of a conference which had earlier won the support and backing of all the other members of the U.N. Security Council.

Sawt Al Shaab: Israel kills civilians

TERRORISM and oppression practiced by Israel against the defenceless population of the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip is in line with the Israeli government's policy and in implementation of the principles and programmes of world Zionism. Those who are well acquainted with the Israeli terrorism and the Israeli government's atrocities against the Arab population are not surprised when they hear of the killing of civilians by Israeli soldiers or when the Israeli authorities demolish Arab homes and detain people without trial. This is merely a daily practice by the Israelis against all Arab inhabitants. But what attracts attention now is the fact that these atrocities are being carried out as Israel hardens its position with regard to peace plans for the Middle East. On the other hand the Arab people under Israeli rule continue to strengthen their steadfastness and confront the Israeli measures by offering sacrifice and by aborting Israeli attempts to evacuate the Arab homeland.

Israel's choice: Democracy or a Jewish state

By Shaw J. Dallal

TWENTY years after its stunningly quick victory of 1967, Israel still occupies the West Bank, the Gaza Strip and parts of the Golan Heights. Fearful that Israel may have overreached itself, its "doves" have been urging it to "free itself of the corruption of occupation." Abba Eban, for example, has lately been outspoken in advocating leaving the occupied territories. Writing recently to The New York Times, he candidly describes Israel's "most urgent" dilemma. By giving "voting rights to the inhabitants of the territories," Israel would allow a "foreign nation" to determine its "parliamentary decisions," thus losing "the vision of a Jewish state." By denying the Palestinian inhabitants "voting rights," Abba Eban continues, Israel would lose its place in the democratic family and find [itself] morally adrift. But by disengaging "safely from the task of ruling the 1.3 million Palestinians" in the occu-

pied territories, Abba Eban stresses Israel "would not only be making a concession to the Palestinian people, it would also be serving its own values and

interests." Israel would, he asserts, maintain "the Zionist character of the state."

Yet Mr. Eban overlooks Israel's other acute dilemma: Its own Palestinian Arab citizens, who number about 800,000, or nearly 20 per cent of Israel's total population. These non-Jewish Israeli citizens are part of the same Palestinian "foreign nation" which could undermine "the Zionist character of the state," or could blur "the vision of a Jewish state." They have been allowed only disproportionately small representation in the Israeli Knesset. According to the U.S. State Department's report on human rights in Israel, dated February 13, 1986, they are also denied full civil liberties and human rights. Should that not cause Israel to lose its "place in the democratic family"? Should that not render Israel "morally

Also, by Mr. Eban's reasoning, giving voting rights, as well as full civil liberties and human rights. to the 1.3 million Palestinian inhabitants of the occupied territories should be as much a threat to

HALL DOG TANK

granting them to Israel's 800,000 Israeli Palestinian Arab citizens. Mr. Eban thus seems to say implicitly or explicitly that, in order to sustain "the vision of a Jewish state" and maintain its "Zionist character," Israel must preclude any possibility of cohabiting on an equal footing with the native Palestinians of the occupied territories or with their kinsmen, the substantial Israeli Palestinian Arab minority within Israel who

are also natives of Israel. Yet the most hopeful road to peace between Palestinians and Israelis is through human rights. Terrorism and violence in Israel and the occupied territories are often committed as a response to human rights' violations for which Israel has been responsible, not only since June of 1967, but since its creation.

The "Zionist character of the state," which Abba Eban is so anxious to preserve, is enshrined in three "fundamental laws" in Israel. These laws promote discrimination on the basis of religion

and ethnic origin: 1. The Law of Return establishes exclusive nationality rights

"the vision of a Jewish state" as for Jews in Israel. These rights are permanently denied to all Israeli Arabs, whether they were living in Palestine when the state was established or were later born there.

> 2. The Law of Citizenship classifies Israeli Arabs as having "Arab Nationality" and Israeli Jews as having "Jewish Nationality. 3. The World Zionist Organisa-

> tion/Jewish Agency (Status) Law legalises the economic, political and social discrimination against Israeli Arabs by making a wide range of national services rendered by Zionist and Jewish institutions exclusive to Israelis with "Jewish Nationality," such as the use of land, 93 per cent of which is held by such institutions "in inalienable trust for the Jewish people." Certain employment privileges are also denied to Israelis with "Arab Nationality."

Yet in 1965, U.N. General Assembly Resolution 2106, which was ratified by 123 states, including Israel, defined "racial discrimination" as "any distinction, exclusion, restriction or preference based on race, colour, des-

Thus Israel, even if it were to give up the occupied territories. could hardly qualify as a member of "the democratic family" as long as its fundamental laws promote discrimination on the basis of religion and ethnic origin. Would it, therefore, not be morally more acceptable to blur "the vision of a Jewish state" than to continue denying Israel's non-Jewish 800,000 Israeli Palestinian Arabs full civil liberties and human rights? Is not the peaceful, non-violent disappearance of "the Zionist character of the state" of Israel better for humanity than the subjection of innocent Israeli Palestinians, as well as Palestinians in the occupied territories, to its exclusionary practices? Would not relent-Palestinians be better for humanin the treatment of the ity than enduring the ceaseless battling which its continuation

The sad conclusion, however, is that the motivation of even the most "dovish" Israelis in their advocacy of leaving the occupied tional, London.

cent or national or ethnic rights." territories is not a sense of justice or a humanitarian concern for the rights of the people of Palestine, but rather a desire to perpetuate an Israel which is demographically Jewish, thus minimising the possibility of a state which would be open and just to the non-Jewish inhabitants.

> Equally sad is the failure of the present Palestinian leadership to pursue a non-violent solution, based on human rights, for ending of torture, illegal detention, demolition of houses, expropriation of land, murder, collective punishment, deportation, and censorship, as well as an end to the closure of schools and universities and the perpetuation of laws which promote discrimination on the basis of religion and ethnic origin, for all of which Israel is responsible. If these human rights violations were ended in both Israel and the occupied territories. Palestinians and Israelis could live harmoniously together in a united democratic state. That is what the Palestinians yearn for — and the Israelis dread — Middle East Interna-

Watergate's Woodward ignites controversy with CIA book

THE COMMITTEE

CALLS BILL CASEY

By Christopher Hanson

WASHINGTON - Bob Woodward, the investigative journalist of Watergate fame, is at the centre of controversy again accused of fabricating a deathbed interview and withholding newsworthy information.

The Washington Post reporter's scoops in the early 1970s drew angry White House denials but proved true and helped drive President Richard Nixon from office. Now he is under attack for his new book, "Veil: The Secret Wars of the CIA."

The family of the late CIA director, William Casey, has charged Woodward with inventing an interview with the spy chief as he lay dying from brain cancer earlier this year.

Other critics have faulted Woodward and the Washington Post for delaying disclosure of information on the Iran-contra scandal and CIA operations until the book appeared this week...

The book says, for instance, that Casey enlisted Saudi Arabia in a bomb plot to assassinate Lebanese Hezbollah faction leader Sheikh Mohammed Hussein Fadlallah. He survived the 1985 ders were killed.

Woodward says Casey, who died last May aged 74, granted him some 48 interviews over several years. He described gaining entry to the heavily guarded hospital room where Casey was dying after surgery for a brain

Woodward said he asked Casey if he had known of the possibly illegal diversion to Nicaraguan contra rebeis of profits from sec-

ret American arms sales to Iran., Casey nodded, indicating a Yes" answer, the book said. Woodward wrote he then

asked "Wby?" Casey replied, "I believed", and drifted off to sleep, according

to the book. Casey's widow Sheila and her

as David Barchard explains.

ANKARA — There was a sense

in Ankara that something rather

unusual in international trade

terms had been achieved with the

announcement of the decision to

go ahead with three giant coal-

fired power plants on the Turkish

Both the Turkish government

and the five rival consortiums

which had been negotiating the

projects for two and a half years

have made the utmost conces-

sions in order to clinch a deal.

that a new source of project

financing, very close to direct

foreign investment, has now be-

come available for major infras-

tructural deals. It is something of

a personal triumph for the prime

minister, Mr. Turgut Ozal, who

three years ago announced to a

sceptical world that he had come

up with an alternative to tradi-

Hard negotiations have since

smoothed away the uncertainties

and objections voiced by foreign

banks, companies, and above all

Turkey wants the model not

only because it enables it to go

ahead with projects for which it

might not be able to borrow

money -- and the background to

the powerplant schemes is an

tional project finance.

export credit agencies.

For the Turks, the deal means

to the bospital room. "There was no way that first of

all, he could have gotten through security - my father had at least four people on duty around the clock ... Besides that, my mother and I were there 24 hours a day," Smith told reporters.

Woodward, now an assistant managing editor at the Washington Post, could not be reached for

But the paper's national affairs editor Robert Kaiser told Reuters: "If you're the most famous journalist of your generation, whose reputation is built on ferreting out facts that no one else can get, why on earth would you make something up? You'd have to be sick to do that."

He said several earlier Wooddaughter Bernadette Casey Smith ward disclosures had been denied

Turks access to foreign manage-

ment and technical assistance in

the day to day running of the

plants once they are constructed.

It is hoped that some of the less

happy episodes in Turkey's re-cent industrial history, notably

the delays and confusions of a

giant lignite-fired powerplant at

Afsin Elbistan, built with tradi-

tional project finance, will be

The Turks also hope that the

new models will prove that Tur-

key is a safe environment for the

foreign investor in the medium to

long term and that an inflow of

The Australian hopes sur-

rounding the project are no less

high. The Yumurtalik Plant will

be a deep sea port (the other four

projects all envisage shallow

ports which will only serve the

other investments will follow.

avoided.

Power for the people

said it would have been impossi- at first only to be confirmed later ble for Woodward to gain entry - among them a report that a Post had not withheld crucial resignation in 1974, persuaded then Secretary of State Henry Kissinger to join him in a kneeling prayer session on his office

> New York Times columnist Flora Lewis criticised Woodward and the Washington Post on journalistic grounds for not publishing in the newspaper "in-. formation of clear and urgent import for later inclusion in a megabucks book."

Lewis said they hoarded detail that the American public and congressional committees probing the Iran-contra affair could have used.

"The right to publish also implies a responsibility to let the public know important news without delay," she wrote.

Kaiser said the Washington

He said Woodward and the Post had considered running an article on the deathbed interview but concluded that Casey's nodding rather than saying "yes" made it too ambiguous to be the basis of a straight news story, even if it was effective as an anecdote in the book.

Kaiser said Woodward had reported the essence of the assassination story in the Washington Post not long after the bombing took place, describing a runaway plot that resulted from CIA training of a Lebanese counter-terror

Only later did Woodward uncover the Saudi link. Kaiser said the Post had no problem in delaving disclosure of that "matter of history" until the book appeared.

hopes dimming daily few months ago were themselves By Michael Gelb

Democrats' White House

WASHINGTON — Democrats' once bright hopes of capturing the White House in 1988 seem to be dimming daily with a stream of controversies that threaten to make their presidential contenders a subject of ridicule.

"The American people have to be saying what's wrong with the Democrats, why can't they get their act together," party strateg-ist Robert Beckel said after Massachusetts Governor Michael Dukakis joined the injury list by admitting that his campaign manager secretly gave reporters material designed to sabotage Senator Joseph Biden's rival candidacy.

With Dukakis wounded by the ricochet of his aide's actions, the Democrats are coming more and more to resemble a circular firing squad.

With five months still to go before voters in Iowa and New Hampshire kick off the presidential primary balloting. Biden and former senator Gary Hart, the early frontrunner, have already quit the race under the weight of revelations that cast doubt on their character and judgment.

Hart, a married man with a reputation as a philanderer, was forced out in May after a newspaper reported he spent a weekend in his Washington home with a 29-year-old model.

Biden quit last week after it was revealed he mouthed almost word for word an impassioned speech by British Labour Party leader Neil Kinnock, was disciplined for plagiarism in law school, and publicly lied about his academic record.

Biden's headaches began when films of his and Kinnock's speeches were given to some reporters by Dukakis aide John

Sasso, who has resigned. Beckel, who managed former Vice President Walter Mondale's 1984 Democratic presidential campaign, said of the Democrats' troubles: "Those who dismiss these as isolated incidents are kidding themselves."

The latest flap tamishes Dukakis' image as a political Mr. Clean just as he was establishing himself with political insiders as the candidate to beat in the Demo-

His assertion that he was unaware of his aide's conduct was painfully reminiscent of President Reagan's explanation of the Irancontra scandal, which Democrats said showed Reagan was napping on the job.

The Democrats' distress brings smiles to Republicans, who just a said.

reeling from the Iran-contra scandal and the loss of their Senate majority in last November's congressional elections. At that time, it appeared the odds favoured the Democrats in 1988. "One of the better things we've got going for us is all the things

happening to that array of Democratic candidates." House of Representatives Republican leader Robert Michel said. You hit these little things one after another and people wonder

what the hell's happening. It doesn't build confidence in the party," Michel added. The Democrats' quandary is illustrated by an ABC news sur-

vey conducted on the same day that Biden quit the race. ABC reports that a slim plurality of Americans now say they

expect to back a Republican for president in 1988, a turnaround from a few months ago. Perhaps more worrisome to the Democrats, most Americans say they know little about the six Democratic candidates and relatively few voters are convinced

that any of the six is qualified to be president. Jesse Jackson has the most support among the Democrats, 42 per cent of those polied by ABC say he is not qualified for the presidency. Most analysts say the black rights activist cannot

gain enough white votes to win the nomination. The next strongest Democrats, ABC said, were the now-wounded Dukakis and congresswoman Patricia Schroeder, who this week said she would not be a

candidate. Except for Jackson, the Demo-

cratic contenders are relatively unknown — belittled as "dwarfs" who lack stature.

With the campaign to date focussing largely on the personal failings of the candidates, the Democratic contenders have made little progress in overcoming those doubts.

"The Democrats need stature... and these incidents diminish the . stature of the whole campaign, independent political analyst William Schneider said. "It makes it more difficult to engage in serious campaigning."

But Democratic national chair-

man Paul Kirk told Reuters the recent embarrassments would fade quickly in the public mind .. and cautioned those who would ... dismiss his party's prospects.

"This is an unfortunate sequence of events, but it's early. The election is 13 months away," he

LETTERS

Social contact

To the Editor:

IN HER corner (Jordan Times, Sept. 21, 1987), Ms. Randa Habib asks the Ministry of Health to clarify what was meant by direct contact in connection with the break of influenza in the village of Aqraba in the Irbid Governorate in July.

The Ministry of Health wants to clarify that "direct contact" means having contact with the patient through visits or social occasions, and not through sexual contact, as in the case with victims of the deadly AIDS disease that Ms. Habib referred to. Influenza, as is commonly known, is transmitted through the atmosphere and people contract it through breathing and not through sexual intercourse.

But as a preventing measure, the Ministry of Health has launched an awareness campaign through out the village of Aqraba providing advice to the public about means of avoiding

contacts with influenza patients during social visits. What helped stem the spread of influenza was the fact that it grips on to patients only for two to three days.

> Ministry of Health, Amman.

particular powerplant). The Yumurtalik Plant will consume 3 million tonnes of Queensland coal, supplied at an anticipated \$35 per tonne cif, but the port will take delivery of an initial 10 million tonnes a year. The

Europe and the Middle East.

Turkish Prime Minister, Mr. Turgut Ozal, has achieved a personal triumph with the clinching of a deal with the Australians over three giant coal-fired power plants. But not everyone is so happy about it, "We should be able to supply Queensland coal to West Germany at about half the cost of per cent in demand for electricity over the next five to 10 years.

The model will also give the

enlargements.

German coal" said an Australian source in Ankara. The Australians assume that the deal will in its initial stages give them a virtual monopoly of the rapidly growing Turkish coal import market because of their ability to undercut all other international suppliers.

The Australians have also dangled before the Turks the possibility that the vessels carrying the coal to Yumurtalik will be able to take cargoes back to the Far East.

These include not only such Turkish bulk exports as minerals, but also crude oil. The new deep sea port will be only a few kilometres away from the Mediterranean terminal of the two Turkish-Iraqi crude oil pipe-

It appears to have been these considerations which persuaded the prime minister to resist powerful lobbying from the United States (at least one senior administration official is said to have rung him up to press Bechtel's claims) on behalf of the other consortiums.

He said that the deal was not the first time that the "Ozal balance will be re-exported to Model" (also known as "Build-Own-Operate") had been used The port is designed to be and that the government had anticipated annual increase of 12 expanded to at least three times negotiated 9 agreements for hyd-

roelectricity plants on the same lines. These appear to be mostly small deals with local companies however. The second and third contracts will probably be signed in May

and November of next year, if everything goes according to plan. However Turkish contracts have a way of being delayed again and again. It is understood however that the letters of intent which the Turkish government is preparing to send to each consortium will have a stated time limit. For the time being however, the future of all three deals will

depend on the outcome of the November 1 general elections. Turkey's three major opposition parties have signalled that they do not like the Ozal model. While they would not scrap an existing arrangement, they would probably not go through with an incomplete deal if elected to office. A hostile government is just

one of a series of possible hazards which the ventures could face during their 15-26 year life spans. These have been the subject of detailed contingency plans largely drawn up as a result of negotiations with the U.S. Eximbank.

Turkey has firmly resisted all attempts to make it give a sovereign guarantee for the projects. It wants them to be credit rather than debit items on its balance of payments, which they would not be if it issued a sovereign guarantee - Financial

ملدًا صنه الأحل



By Sergei Vlasov

At the Moscow Institute of Eye Microsurgery the waiting list for some operations extends to the year 1992. With a view to rectifying this abnormal situation, the Soviet government has decided to set up the country's first scientific and technical Eye Microsurgery complex with twelve branches in cities country-wide.

IN APRIL 1986 the life of Svyatoslav Fyodorov, Director of the Eye Microsurgery Institute and Corresponding Member of the USSR Academy of Medical Sciences, entered a new phase. He was appointed general manager of a complex.

When this happened I decided to keep an eye on him to see how he shaped up. I wondered if the new responsibilities would change him. Outwardly, he seemed to be the same as before: Ouick to act, inclined to discuss vitai matters with others, and resilient. And he has proved a triumph at his new job. Yet it might not have been the case. "What has Fyodorov got to do with it?" This question has stalked his entire professional life. It was asked when he was trying to get recognition for having painstakingly developed artificial lens implantation. "This operation," it was objected, "was pioneered by the Englishman

"What has Fyodorov got to do with it? That was done by Doctor Sato of Japan!" This is what they said when Fyodorov developed and introduced a method for the

surgical correction of myopia.
"What has Fyodorov got to do
with it? The creator of the vitreotome was Machemar of the United States." This is what was uttered when Fyodorov created

They say that success is always right. But life tells a different I bave not heard what Fyodorov's "well-wishers" have to say about the supersharp knife he has created at his institute, but I am certain that "what has Fyodorov

the first Soviet device for the

replacement of the vitreous body.

got to do with it? That knife has been around since the Stone Age" must be on someone's lips. But the reader will agree that everyone knows about water, but few could make it turn a rotor and produce light. "Sato's operation was no good. He has shown us how things

should not be done." Such was the comment on this Japanese words, convincing arguments for their battle against disease. surgeon's attempts to treat myopia. And everyone believed Each doctor becomes the full- to win each battle with desease. myopia. And everyone believed it. Only one person asked: "Why shouldn't they be done like that?" That person was Fyodorov, and he found an answer.

ov's triumph? As I see it, it is his lifelong altruism. Fyodorov has always been guided by the idea of rendering the greatest possible aid to the greatest possible number of patients. Now he can bring this idea to fruition. But what great responsibility this involves! Instead of one institute he is now in charge of thirteen! And instead of nine hundred associates he is now in charge of six thousand!

Outwardly, he really looks his old self. His laughter seems as hearty as ever, yet suddenly some secret thought flickers in his eyes, blurring his smile. He withdraws into himself. What is he thinking? Perhaps about his recent showdown at the Ministry of Finance, right to pay his doctors and



quantity and degree of complexity of their work? "Why should we pay them double wages?" the people at the ministry had demanded to know, somewhat surprised. "Are all of your staff members of the Academy of Sci-

"But don't you know that the prompt and high-quality treat-ment of patients is more profit-able to the state than the mining of gold? And that for this reason good doctors are like gold miners and should be paid on the basis of how much "gold they produce"? This is Fyodorov's view of the matter, and he's been expressing it for some time. Now at last he has a chance to prove his point, for payment to his staff is to depend in future directly on the results of their work. All that is left is to break the

stereotyped attitude of the managers by convincing them that

fledged master of the equipment he uses to treat his patients: If it breaks down before schedule the whole team of medical specialists iage materially responsible for it. Their wages will be reduced by the price of the repair. In other words, we will gradually effect a transition to the cooperative form of property.

Or perhaps Fyodorov is thinking of the debate at the Ministry of Foreign Trade?

Only too recently associates of foreign trade organisations asked: "What do you mean by saying that you will maintain direct links with Western companies and will order from them what you need yourselves?"

But Fyodorov believes that such direct ties are an advantage. Calling the Philips Company, he said: "I need ten patient-nurse intercom devices. Your prospecwhere officials challenged his tus says that each such device costs five thousand dollars. But

nurses according to the quality, the Wolf and Metrobile companies are selling theirs for three and a half thousand dollars apiece. Four thousand would be a reasonable price. Agreed? What is the number of your current account?" Fyodorov can afford to con-

clude such transactions.

By selling licences for new equipment and instruments, the institute makes an annual total of over a million dollars. Last year one U.S. company alone bought from Fyodorov seven licences for a total of three and a half million dollars. Hundreds of commercial operations are performed on patients from other countries in the Fyodorov clinic. Now the complex has set up a foreign trade firm with a staff of thiry-two. Fyodorov believes that they will be able to earn three or even four million dollars a year.

But the important thing is that such trade enables surgeons to many directives are out of date acquire the most up-to-date and only-check progress. In other equipment, thus helping them in-

And our direct ties with the companies will relieve foreign trade organisations of urgently needed minor deliveries. In the main, these are spare parts for equip ment. What should be purchased

first? Or perhaps we could make it all at our own plant? After all, we do make computer systems for eye examination, and coagulators for the arrest of bleeding, and infra-red generators for the treatment of longsightedness. Soon, our institute plant will move to a new building with a total floor space of five thousand square metres. It is already going up. The plant employs five hundred workers and a hundred engineers. Its two new departments will produce casting machines and dice. This will enable the surgeons to replace metal instruments with plastic ones. Now forceps, for instance, have to be bought abroad at two hundred

dollars apiece. And the forceps which will stamp in our own department will cost five roubles. Every three seconds a new instrument will come off the producition line. This will provide enough forcepts for all of our twelve branches plus extra ones for sale abroad."

"But why couldn't you get in-struments of the required quality from the medical equipment in-dustry?" I asked Fyodorov.

Our trouble is that the notions of 'quality' and 'plan' exist independently of each other. The state pays plants for poor and for good forceps equally. But judgment on quality is passed by the consumer. He alone can tell whether a plant should manufacture specific products. If the forceps are good and suit us we will take them. If they are not, let the plant think of how to make them better instead of just fulfilling the plan, which is needed only for accounts but is not needed for any living human. This is why at present we are forced to make many things we need at our own plant. Naturally, this involves many difficulties."

Four branches of the complex are already under construction. Fyodorov wants to have the foundations of all the four build ings laid and supply lines extended to them within months. "But this is a sheer impossibility," the builders say to him. "We cannot accept such rapid rates of

"But how are you going to carry out the acceleration prog-ramme?" he asks. "This is an excellent chance to test your potential in the construction of our complex and see if you are capable of effecting the over-

Indeed. Fyodorov is an indefatigable person. This explains why he so zealously spurs on his staff. He reprimands and even scolds them individually, but always his good intentions show through, and in a fatherly way, he says: "Forward, then. Only forward. Time and tide wait for no man. But our patients do wait for us" — Sputník.

Soviet lonely hearts column seeks to match the lovelorn

MOSCOW — "At home, when my little daughter falls asleep. a lump often rises in my throat. I would really like a friend to share all my joys and sorrows with. And my little daughter is waiting for a daddy.

So reads a letter from Tatyana. a 28-year-old divorcee in the Ukraine who wrote to the new lonely hearts column of the republic's Communist Youth League paper.

A glance at the column's letters shows the authorities are making a concerted effort to ease a major Soviet social problem — how to bring together millions of single and divorced people, many with small children. Lonely hearts advertisements

are a relatively new idea in the Soviet Union, where official doctrine for years asserted that communism had broken down class barriers and removed obstacles to human contact.

Columns like that in the Ukrainian paper, Komsomolskove Znamva, respond to the difficulties faced by people in a country where about one in three mar-riages end in divorce and unmarried women greatly outnumber unmarried men.

The Ukrainian paper, which started publishing its weekly column "I am waiting for you" four months ago, said it received up to 1,000 letters a day. It said a typical letter began: "I always await your regular column with great impatience."
In its Sept. 20 edition, the

newspaper published letters with an explicit emotional content that would scarcely be seen in a Westem lonely hearts column. Lvudmila, a 34-year-old divorcee

with a son aged 10, wrote: "I will not describe my tragedy. I will say only that it is not every woman who decides to go away with a one-month-old baby in her arms, to go away never to come

Galina, who lives in the Crimean Peninsula, wrote: "I am 22 and I have a three-month-old little son. We really miss the strong arms of a man. One man abandoned us, but we think that not every man is like that." Yelena, a 28-year-old teacher

with a son aged six, wrote: "my former husband took absolutely no part in raising our son, who does not even remember him... With every day I realise more and more sharply how much my son needs a father." In contrast to a Western lonely

hearts column, in which some letters imply the idea of casual sex, the Ukrainian advertisements were all sober in tone and stressed the hope of building a stable family life. One remarkable feature was the

tone of letters from Soviet men. who seemed adamant that they did not want ambitious career women as partners. "I would like to meet a sympa-

thetic girl or woman between 25 to 29 who has a sense of humour and knows how to knit, cook and create domestic comfort," wrote Valentin, a 29-year-old divorced man who said he liked photo-His hopes were echoed by

Dmitry, a 24-year-old electrician who said he was living with his to meet a sympathetic girl who

likes music, cooks well and is lively and good," he wrote.

Alexander, 21, who has just

finished training as a sailor in the Black Sea port of Odessa, wrote: a sailor's job is not easy, but it becomes much easier if a faithful. affectionate girlfriend is waiting for you on the shore."

Several men, evidently aware of many Soviet women's distaste for boyfriends who like a lot of vodka, stressed they did not

"I have no bad habits and I like sport," wrote Alexander, 24. " take family life seriously. I would like to meet a slim, well-proportioned girl who shares my interests.

Valery, 36, a divorced man in Volgograd, hinted there was more to him than his personality. "I collect music tapes, and I really like the Beatles," he said, referring to the British group that is still highly popular with Soviet vouth.

Most women seemed anxious to stress they would make excellent mothers and housewives. "I adore children, but I don't have any and I've never been married. I take great pleasure in house-work," wrote Valentia, a 33-yearold teacher.

The Ukrainian paper informed its lonely heart readers: "You must write concretely and openly about your favourite occupations. interests, hobbies, tastes and habits - good or bad."

It gave no indication of the success rate of its column, but its readers clearly have faith. "Years are passing and it is

becoming ever harder to create a parents and sisters. "I would like family. But I do not despair,"

Scientists report new data on Antarctic ozone hole that you need some fairly unique as a flying laboratory and a high-meteorological conditions to altitude ER-2, similar to the U-2

WASHINGTON — A team of international scientists reports that a combination of man-made chemicals and natural processes are responsible for the thinning of the Earth's protective ozone layer over Antarctica that occurs for about two months each year.

The scientists told reporters September 30 that just-completed aircraft experiments aimed at determining the cause of the annual "ozone hole" that appears every spring in Antarctica's upper atmosphere worked extremely well and that the preliminary science data collected is excel-

Robert Watson, an atmosphere nautics Administration (NASA) who headed the project, said that "As far as we're concerned there is no longer debate on whether chlorine... plays a role in the formation of the ozone hole. Within the chemically-perturbed region near 18 kilometres, the abundance (of chlorine) is high enough to destroy ozone." Watson added, however, that

"strange meteorological process" that occur over the Antarctic continent are necessary to set up the special conditions that allow the man-made chlorine chemicals to deplete the ozone layer. For one thing. Watson said, conditions are colder and windler above the Antarctic than anywhere else. "Therefore we believe it

would be extremely premature to speculate on the global rami-fications," he said. "We have seen

allow this chemistry to proceed. We believe the conditions are unique to the Antarctic... and have to persist for a long period of time and are probably not pervasive at other latitudes."

Watson said the ozone level measured in mid-September over Antarctica was the lowest ever recorded — 15 per cent lower than the level observed in the previous lowest year of 1985. He said an overall 50 per cent decrease in the ozone layer was observed from mid-August to mid-September at an altitude 18 kilometres above the frozen con-

The seasonal depletion of the chemist with the National Aero- Antarctic ozone layer, which protects plants, animals and people from the sun's harmful ultraviolet rays, was discovered in 1979 by British researchers. Scientists have been trying ever since to determine whether the ozone hole is caused by man-made che-micals or natural processes. The chief suspect has been

chlorofluorocarbons, chemicals used in refrigeration, aerosol sprays and other products. These can destroy ozone by contributing increasing levels of chlorine to the upper atmosphere. The team of scientists, which

included investigators from the United States, Chile, Argentina, France, Great Britain and New Zealand, used experiments aboard two NASA aircraft coupled with data from satellites, weather balloons and ground sensors to survey the ozone hole. The planes, a DC-8 equipped

reconnaissance craft, operated from an airbase at Punta Arenas. Chile, the southernmost city in the world. They flew a total of 25 missions over Antarctica. the ER-2 flying into the upper part of the ozone hole at altitudes up to 20,400 metres, the highest any plane has ever flown over the icy continent. The DC-S, flying at lower altitudes. flew directly over the South Pole, an area military and commercial planes avoid because of the distance involved.

The data collected from all the experiments represented the most massive acquisition of scientific information ever performed over the Antarctic region. The be analysed and will not be ready for publication in scientific journals for at least six months. "This data will be available we hope for the large scientific analysis that will be conducted during 1989. Watson told reporters.

and will clearly be ready for the 1990 policy review of the Montreal protocol." Dozens of countries recently signed a treaty in Montreal in-

tended to control the emissions of ozone-depleting chemicals. The protocol would freeze the use of chlorofluorocarbons at last year's level by 1989 and reduce it by half in the next decade. "We believe quite strongly that

we have shared some very important data with you, but we do not believe this data is now in a form adequate for sensible policy making. Watson cautioned.

— U.S. Information Agency.

M'Bow runs for third term as UNESCO chief

By Tony Brock

PARIS - Undaunted by Western hostility, UNESCO's controversial director-general, Amadou Mahtar M'Bow is running for a third term as chief of the United Nations' dispute-ridden cultural agency.

The next chief will run the U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation until 1993, but experts say the decision on whether to renew M'Bow's mandate will set the agency's course for decades to come. Western countries are looking

for a man to steer UNESCO into calmer waters after the stormy. 13-year-tenure of M'Bow, a former education minister from Senegal.

But M'Bow, 66, endorsed by the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), is the early frontrunner for the leadership ballot on October 6 and 7 by 50 members of the UNESCO executive board.

M'Bow's mandate runs out on November 14. During his tenure, the United States, Britain and Singapore quit over charges of bad management and anti-West-

em bias. Their departure deprived the agency of 30 per cent of its revenue, forcing stringent cuts and bitter squabbling over where the axe should fall.

Board members have been debating the successor issue in the corridors of the agency's sprawlng headquarters in a smart area

of Paris since the current session opened on September 23.

The most important task before us is to elect a new director general," Australia's UNESCO ambassador, Charles Mott, told "It is crucial not only for UN-

ESCO but for the future of multilateral cooperation as a whole," Mott added. Much of the debate centres on

the character and record of M'Bow, the first African and Muslim to head a major U.N. A much-needed defender of

the Third World viewpoint according to his supporters, he is lambasted by Western critics as a divisive leader who has broken the unwritten rules of the job by setting rich nations against poor

True to his doctrine of not giving in to what he believes as a Western plot against him. M'Bow is standing for a third six-year term. But he has not said a word in public about his aims or how he intends to calm the crisis.

To the consternation of the anti-M'Bow camp, the outgoing head can count on between 15 and 20 votes on the first ballot out of the 26 needed to win, according to calculations by executive of east Pakistan - now Bangboard members.

M'Bow detractors say a third term would only deepen the agency's political and financial crisis by delaying the return of the United States, Britain and Singa-

Even with a "zero-growth"

budget, member states are being asked to find an extra \$73 million this year - 39.6 million to meet a deficit due to the falling dollar and the rest to increase working

capital and pay off building costs. On the political front, the new director-general will draw up UNESCO's next six-year plan - a chance to provide a framework for reform of practices and poli-

The strongest challenger to M'Bow is Pakistan's foreign minister, Sahabzada Yaqub Khan, an army general turned diplomat.

Supported by China, Japan, France and many Western countries. Yaqub Khan benefits from the unwritten convention that it is Asia's turn to supply the UN-ESCO chief.

Canadian board member lan Christie Clark gives this as one reason for supporting Yaqub

But many states, including the Nordic countries, say that a soldier who served in a military-led government is not the man to run UNESCO, whose charter calls on it to promote human rights and

As a former military governor ladesh — he can expect hostility from India, which might lobby for a compromise candidate.

UNESCO sources expect the first ballot to be inconclusive, and do not rule out the maximum of five votes — the last being a run-off between the two leading ESCO headquarters.

contenders.

The leading compromise candidate is Spain's Federico Mayor, 53, whose late-starting campaign is well under way.

UNESCO deputy directorgeneral from 1978-81. Mayor is a biochemist and has mobilised 11 Nobel Prize winners in a list of 100 eminent supporters. Among these are U.S. futurologist Alvin Toffler, author of "Future 'Shock", and the president of the International Olympic Committee. Juan Antonio Samaranch.

Mayor could make the streng-thening of UNESCO's successful and uncontroversial science programmes his platform.

Nine candidates are still in the running, but a last-minute entry cannot be ruled out, such as Uruguay's foreign minister. Enrique Iglesias.

The board's choice will face another hurdle on November 7 when he or she is put to the 158-member general conference for approval. Since the voting patterns are not necessarily the same, the candidate could be rejected, forcing the whole process to begin again.

Whoever is elected as directorgeneral will come under increasing pressure to tighten up on cash management.

Western states affirm publicly that they do not object to M'Bow's Third World advocacy, but only the alleged waste of funds, symbolised for them by his luxurious apartment in the UN-



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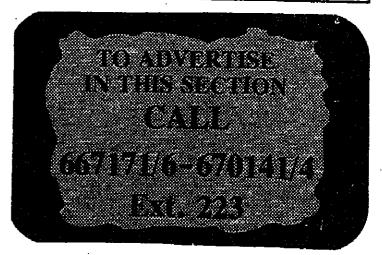
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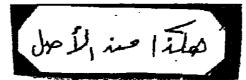
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CHINESE

RESTAURANT





English soccer roundup

Liverpool surges up on heels of league leaders

LONDON — Liverpool's irresistible surge towards the top of the English soccer league was handsomely sustained on Saturday when they beat Portsmouth 4-0 to stay hard on the heels of leaders Queen's Park

Rangers won 2-1 at Wimbledon, while second-placed Liverpool delighted their fans in a capacity crowd at their Anfield ground with another accom-plished performance. They remain the only unbeaten team in the first division and have two games in hand over the leaders. who head them by three points.

Former league champions Liverpool have been reshaped by player-manager Kenny Dalglish following striker Ian Rush's close season move to Italy's Juventus and are successfully playing with greater variation than ever, as division one newcomers Portsmouth found to their cost.

England midfielder Peter Beardsley fired Liverpool ahead midway through the first half, but two goals in as many minutes directly after halftime resolved any lingering doubts about the outcome. Midfielder Steve McMahon and striker John Aldridge, from the penalty spot. dealt the double blow, while Ronnie Whelan completed the rout with a 71st minute goal.

Rangers were frustrated until the middle of the second half by Wimbledon, who then crumbled when Gary Bannister and Terry Fenwick, from a spot kick, each scored in a nine-minute spell. John Fashanu reduced the deficit four minutes before the finish.

Tottenham were held for 70 minutes at their White Hart Lane ground by Sheffield Wednesday, next to bottom in the 21-team division, before the Londoners

- The nightmare of the Ryder

Cup defeat returned for the Un-

ited States Saturday as it trailed

Scotland in all three games in the

early stages of its semifinal of the

million dollar Dunhill Cup Team

Strange, Mark O'Meara and

D.A. Weibring all dropped shots

against a Scottish line-up entirely

made up of players from

Europe's Ryder Cup winning team at Muirfield Village. Ohio.

Strange, the American captain who played in the vanquished

Ryder Cup side, trailed Torrance

by four strokes after 11 holes.

O'Meara was two adrift of Sandy

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The American trio of Curtis

Golf Tournament.

last weekend.

phone.

Abdali area.

Midfielder Paul Allen opened the scoring, while Belgium striker Nico Claesen clinched victory with an 80th minute goal, as Tottenham adjusted to life without central defender Richard Gough after his £1.5 million (\$2.43 million) transfer to Glasgow Rangers on Friday.

Tottenham's London neighbours Chelsea slipped one place to fourth when they squandered a 2-0 lead and had to settle for a 2-2 home draw against Newcastle, for whom striker Paul Goddard missed a penalty.

An own goal by David McCreery after 12 minutes put Chelsea in front and striker Kerry Dixon increased their advantage when he scored midway through the first half.

Goddard pulled one back five minutes later, but missed with a spot kick just before halftime, and it was left to defender Kenny Wharton to salvage a point with an equaliser eight minutes from

The outstanding individual per-formance among the 10 first division matches came from Scottish International Graeme Sharp, who hit all the goals as league champions Everton crushed Southampton 4-0.

Southampton were effectively destroyed in the first 20 minutes on their home ground as Sharp completed his hat-trick. He added to their embarrassment by adding a fourth goal after 61

Everton, who have made an interval

after five holes.

Howard Clark.

Strange fell behind at the

second shot into a deep bunker

on the left side of the green.

Although he made a good recov-

The American had a chance to

level at the fifth, a hole he had

eagled in his previous two

Torrance hit his second shot

120 feet (40 metres) past the pin

and needed three putts for his par

Strange also three-putted, however, missing one from 18

O'Meara had the lead in his

match against Lyle when the

Scotsman bogeved the first par-

But Lyle recovered with a bir-

die three at the second and

moved ahead with more birdies at

He reached the turn in 33, two

Brand birdied the first and

the fifth, sixth and eighth.

shots better than O'Meara.

inches (0.5 metres).

four hole.

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lan Rush

uneven start to their title defence. are ninth.

Arsenal underlined the flourishing fortunes of London clubs, who occupy four of the top five places, with a 3-0 win away to bottom club Charlton.

Perry Groves put Arsenal on course for victory in the 16th minute, with second half goals from Mitchel Thomas and Tony Adams completing Charlton's seventh league defeat in nine

Fifth-placed Arsenal are one position ahead of Manchester United on goal difference — they both have 17 points — after United drew 1-1 at Luton.

Striker Mick Harford put the home side ahead on their artificial surface in the 20th minute. but Scot Brian McClair headed the equaliser shortly after the

In the other semifinal. Austra-

Friday was a day to remember

for Davis, who smashed the

country in the Dunhill Cup Team

But it could so easily have been

two tournaments, Australia

needed a five-hole play-off before

scraping past Canada to reach the

Norman, who earlier squan-

dered a three-stroke lead with

two holes remaining, eventually

ground out a victory over Richard

Zokol after the two players had tied the first four extra holes.

In other quarterfinals, England

The United States edged past

Japan 2-1, also after a play-off, to

avenge a semifinal defeat last

Strange scored a four-under-

par 68 to beat Koichi Suzuki by

four strokes, but Weibring fired

75 to lose by six to Nobumitsu

American team into the semifin-

als by beating Nobuo Serizawa at

the third extra hole after the two

players had tied on 70.

O'Meara shepherded the

came from behind to beat Spain

2-1 while Scotland downed Ire-

land by the same score.

Golf Tournament.

Scots defeat Americans in Dunhill Cup golf tournament

gland side containing two more met British Open champion Nick Ryder Cup stars, Nick Faldo and Faldo.

fourth when he planted his course record playing for his

ery shot. Torrance birdied the hole with a six-foot (two-metre)

a day of disaster.

Davis nearly went into the first

"Ian Rush was a terrific scorer ST. ANDREW'S. Scotland (AP)

Lyle at the turn and Weibring fell third holes while Weibring posted two behind Gordon Brand Junior purs. In the other semifinal being lian Peter Senior was paired with staged later Saturday, defending Clark, Greg Norman faced Gor-champion Australia faced an Endon J. Brand and Rodger Davis

Only the bravest better would wager against Liverpool picking up another three points on Saturday at home to Portsmouth, one of three promoted teams at the end of last season.

a terrible start to reach a respectable mid-table position. But it has not yet won a game away from home and has already conceded 18 goals, the worst record in the

Queens Park Rangers, meanwhile, travels across London to meet Wimbledon, another midtable side but unbeaten at home

of the table, Rangers' last two performances — a 0-2 defeat at Oxford and a flattering 2-0 home win over Luton — have been poor. Saturday's match will be an important test of the potential of manager Jim Smith's unheralded team to go all the way to the title

ravel to Southampton seeking their first away win of the season after an inauspicious start, partially the result of injuries of several players.

With Howard Kendall, the man who guided the club to two league titles in three seasons, now with Atletic Bilbao in Spain, Everton has struggled under new boss Colin Harvey, and is 10 points off the lead.

Aldridge takes over Rush mantle

By Andrew Warshaw Associated Press

LONDON — He looks like Ian Rush, plays like Ian Rush and, if the first six weeks of the new English league season are anything to go by, scores goals with the same uncanny frequency as the prolific Welsh marksman. John Aldridge is rapidly be-

coming the new Ian Rush of Liverpool as the illustrious merseyside club sweeps up the standings, crushing all teams in its If ever there were any doubts about how the "reds" would cope

without Rush, who now wears the black and white of Juventus, Aldridge and his team-mates have ruthlessly dispelled them. With 20 goals in seven games, Kenny Dalglish's unbeaten team has climbed to second place in the

nas climbed to second place in the table, three points behind leader Queens Park Rangers but with two games in hand.

Aldridge, bought from Oxford towards the end of last season, has scored nine of those goals, including three in the 4-0 drubbing of Derby County Tuesday. bing of Derby County Tuesday

night, making him the first division's leading marksman.
"It was a dream night," said Aldridge, who grew up watching Liverpool from the terraces and has supported the club since boyhood. "When the third goal went

in, I didn't want it to end." But Aldridge, who plays for the Republic of Ireland by virtue of his grandfather's birthplace, is not the only jewel in a Liverpool squad brimming with talent and already being tipped for the league title, even though the sea-

son is less than a quarter old.

Peter Beardsley and John Barnes. England International forwards purchased jointly for more than £2 million (\$3.25 million) to help cover for Rush's departure, also are causing havoor among opposing defenses, while midfield players and defenders are appearing from nowhere for a share in the spoils.

Derby's veteran England Inter-national goalkeeper. Peter Shilton, who has played against Liverpool for two decades, said Tuesday's performance was the finest he had ever seen - Rush or no Rush.

but they're scoring goals from all over the place without him. They are more adaptable and more difficult to stop now. In the old days, they were more predictable. Now, you don't know where the goals are coming from."

Portsmouth has picked up after division.

Despite its position at the top

next May. The champions, Everton,

> will not be there to face them Indian captain Vijay Amritraj, who pulled out of the doubles to keep himself fresh for Sunday, summed up the position succinctly. "They (Australians) still have

Union leader contemplates end to American football strike

number of national football league players crossing picket lines nearly doubled in 24 hours, union leader Gene Upshaw admitted he was contemplating an end to the 12-day strike.

Upshaw, speaking to striking Cardinals players in St. Louis, Missouri, said Friday that ordering the players to return without an agreement was a possibility. The two sides last met on Sept. 25, and no negotiations are

A total of 86 players have decided to cross union picket lines since the strike began Sept. 22. There are 1,585 players under union jurisdiction.

"You have to look at it one day at a time," Upshaw said after meeting with the Cardinals. When you are on strike and are dealing with such a sensitive situation, it can change in a matter of hours.'

Stump Mitchell, one of 15 cardinals who met with Upshaw, said he believed the union leader was considering sending the players back to their teams while he continued his efforts to reach agreement with the league.

"Gene said he wasn't going to allow us to lose much more money." Mitchell said. "He doesn't want to see us hurt."

The strike is making Joe Gibbs' worst nightmare come true.

Gibbs Washington Redskins normally would be favoured by at least a touchdown at home against the Cardinals. But in the game set for Sunday, the Redskins will have none of their regular players while the Cardinals can field including 13 regulars. "This is one of the bigger

underdog situations I've ever been in," Gibbs said Friday. The influx of players crossing the picket line still left 12 teams

with no regulars and several others with only one or two injured-reserve players who crossed picket lines to receive treat-It also left several teams re-latively loaded for games this

weekend against teams made up largely of free agents and cas-Management was also feeling

the pinch as the strike games approached. More than 300,000 tickets,

NFL STRIKE... who has the ball?

sold for Sunday's games, had been returned by fans.

Three major auto manufacturers. United Airlines and the Miller Brewing Co. have pulled their

replacement games. That puts additional pressure on the television networks, which have not decided whether to broadcast a second weekend of replacement

Lendl

on top

seeded Ivan Lendl was given a

fright by unseeded American

Dan Goldie before reaching the

semifinals of the \$293,400 San

Francisco Grand Prix on Friday.

Lendl came back from a set down to defeat Goldie 5-7, 6-4,

6-3 and set up a meeting with

Peter Lundgren of Sweden, who

beat American Tim Wilkinson

Goldie, making the most of a big first service, was able to

match Lendl's firepower with

fiercer shots of his own. He won

the first set when he broke Lendl

with a lucky forehand that clip-

ped the net and dropped in.

after

Canadian, U.S. stars compete in synchronised swimming

By Dalia Baligh

Associated Press

CAIRO, Egypt — Synchronised swimming's world champion. Canadian Carolyn Waldo, and 1984 Olympics winner Tracie Ruiz of the United States were to decide in Saturday night's solo competition which of their countries has the world's best water ballet team.

Based on performances in Cairo at the third FINA championships, one or the other was almost certain to win the meet's showcase solo event. Their teams were so close that the solo could decide the overall title.

FINA is the acronym for Federation Internationale de Natation Aquatique, the world organisation for synchronised swimming. Ten countries were competing in the 1987 championships

In Friday's duet competition.

helped holders Australia recover

from the disasters of the opening

day on Saturday but India remain

strong favourites to reach the

Davis Cup final.
The Wimbledon champion,

suffering from an injury to his

right knee, answered his coun-

try's call when he decided one

hour before play on Saturday that

he was fit enough to play doubles with Peter Doohan in the world

It took the Australians just

under two hours to cruise past

makeshift Indian pair Anand

Amritraj and Srinivasan Vasudevan 6-3, 6-4, 6-4 on the grass courts at White City.

Cash led the way with a superb

display of power serve-and-volley

tennis, showing little sign of the

injury which ruled him out of the

the tie and they know that Cash

But India remain 2-1 ahead in

group semifinal.

Waldo and teammate Michelle said she has been training six to Cameron tied with Sarah and eight hours a day. Waldo said she had to over-Karen Josephson, twins from come an intense fear of water to Bristol, Connecticut, at 98.2000

scores in Thursday's compulsory figures. Led by Ruiz, the U.S. team came back in the team competi-tion to take gold with 193.496 points against Canada's 191.638.

points, but the Canadians won

the gold medal because of better

Saturday night's solo competition was the meet's final event. Waldo and Ruiz last met at the 1984 Olympic games in Los Angeles. California, when the dark-eyed American, now 24, won the gold medal. Ruiz subse-

quently married and retired from

international competition until

embarking this summer on a com-In the interim, the 22-year-old Waldo won the 1986 world title in Spain. She has been training hard

to retain it. The blond, green-eyed Waldo

get to the peak of her sport, which requires long periods upside down in the water. She said she nearly drowned when she was three and dreaded

water until the age of 10. After learning to swim despite her fear, she said, she became interested in synchronised swimming when she Waldo lives in Montreal but trains in Calgary, Alberta. She

said that the peak for a synchronised swimmer is at age 23, meaning that she feels she is approaching her best competitive abilities. She said she hopes to partici-

pate in the 1988 Olympics in Seoul and then retire. Ruiz, 24, said the FINA cham-

pionship was her first international competition after her two-year

finalist recently in the U.S. Open

at Flushing Meadow - will be

too good for Wally Masur. We're pretty confident, and

we're not going to let our guard

"Having Krishnan tollowing up

makes it easier for me as I can

play loose. Both matches can be

light but we can win the last one

for sure as Krishnan is the best player of the four." Amritraj

down now.

A single break in the fifth game decidd the second set in Lendl's favour. In the deciding set, the Cash helps Australia recover U.S. Open champion broke in the opening game but his concenin Davis Cup championships

spectator thanked him for competing in the tournament. Lendl took a bow, but immediately dropped his service for one-all. He quickly recovered and broke Goldie for a 3-2 lead. Games went with the serve until Lendl broke Goldie again to win the match.

"He's very unpredictable." said Lendl of Goldie who he has defeated twice before.

"I checked and I wrote he hits more ground balls and more home runs than anyone on the tennis tour. You wouldn't call him consistency." added Lendl, who keeps notes on all opponents he has faced in a book he carries with him.

But there are no notes on his semifinal opponent.
Lundgren's appearance in the

last four marks another successful week for the 22-year-old Swede who has beaten Wimbledon champion Pat Cash twice, Mats Wilander once and won a tournament in the past two months.

The unseeded Lundgren passed confidently, especially off the backhand, and lobbed effectively to keep the net-rushing Wilkinson, also unseeded, at bay. Two unseeded Americans,

Todd Nelson and Jim Pugh, will face each other in the other semi-

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Pat Cash

a big problem tomorrow. They've

got to win both matches and

we've only got to win one," the 33-year-old part-time actor said.

Amritraj admitted he fancied his chances of beating John Fitz-

gerald, who looked nervous and

out of form when beaten in four

sets in the opening singles.

But the Indian captain is confi-

dent that even if he loses,

Ramesh Krishnan - a quarter-

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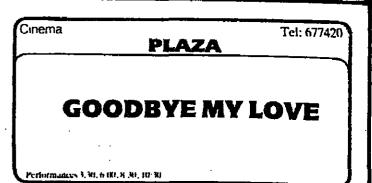
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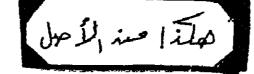
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France begins privatising Suez group tomorrow

banking and financial services group on Friday when it launched the latest in its rolling programme of state selloffs.

The French finance ministry said in a statement it had set the Suez share price at 317 francs (\$53) in an offer for sale to the public at home and abroad due to run from next Monday until Oct.

The government plans a selloff of 65 companies over five years, worth around 300 billion francs (\$50 billion).

Suez, the government's 24th sale in 10 months, was founded in 1858 by Ferdinand De Lesseps to finance the Suez Canal project in Egypt and nationalised by the government of French President Francois Mitterrand in 1982.

The Suez Canal project ended when Egypt nationalised the waterway in 1956. Stock brokers expect the Suez

flotation to be one of the government's most popular.

(\$1 billion) directly from the French public, the sale is about ders.

PARIS (R) — France hung a price tag of just over 20 billion glassmaker St. Gobain last Detrancs (\$3.33 billion) on its Suez

bank Paribas, sold off in spring. Deposit bank Societe Generale was the largest in the French privatisation programme so far, raising nine billion francs (\$1.5 Banking and financial institutions Industrial Development Bank

Jordan Kuwait Bank

Jordan Gulf Bank

Cairo Amman Bank

Bank of Jordan

Jordan Finance House for Development

Islamic Investment House

Jordan Investment and Finance Corporation

Finance and Credit Corporation

National Financial Investments

Arab Finance Corporation (Jordan)

Real Estate Financing Corporation

REFCO Life Insurance

Jordan Insurance

Yarmonk Insurance and Reinsurance

Philadelphia Insurance
Arab Union International Insurance

Jerusalem Insurance

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National Ahliya Insurance

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Darco for Housing and Investment

Jordan Leasing Corporation

Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments

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Garage Owners Federation Office

Jordan National Shipping Lines

Jordan Press Foundation
Jordan Press and Publishing

Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing

Jordan Dairy
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing

Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj)

Arab Chemical Detergent Industries

Aladdin Industries

Arab Aluminium Manufacturing

Jordan Worsted Mills

Jordan Ceramics

National Steel Industries

General Mining
Jordan Petroleum Refinery

Jordan Lime & Brick

Arab Paper Converting and Trading

Jordan Paper and Cardboard

Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals

National Cable & Wire Manufacturing

Jordan-Gulf Insurance

Universal Insurance

Jordan Eagle Insurance

Real Estate Investment (Agarco)

Arab International Hotels

Intermediate Petrochemical Industries ...

Jordan Phosphate Mines

Universal Chemical Industries :......

Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO) .

Trans-Jordan Minerals Research

Jordan Himeh Mineral

Orient Dry Batteries Factory

Jordan Tanning

Jordan Printing and Packaging Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette

Jordan Spinning & Weaving Jordan Sulpho Chemicals

Jordan Cement Factories

Jordan Glass Industries .

Jordan Brewery

National Industries

Jordan Pipes Manufacturing Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags

Jordan Rockwool Industries ...

Woolen Industries

Mas Industries

Aladdin Industries ...

National Portfolio Securities

Jordan Securities Corporation ..

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Petra Bank

billion) in its June public sale. Arms to-electronics group Matra is the next due for sale, with the launch planned for the end of this month.

Suez, which had a balance sheet of 333 billion francs (\$55.5 billion), should in 1987 report profit close to the 2.37 billion (\$395 million) earned last year, òfficials forecast.

The main activity of the financial group centres on the fully-owned Banque Indosuez. It also has extensive holdings in

French export industry and a strong reputation in the Middle East and the Far East.

Of the 65 million shares to be sold, just under one-third are to be offered to the French public nent's most popular.

Raising about six billion francs

and 19 per cent will go to domestic members of a "hard core" group of institutional sharehol-

Taiwan brakes dollar's rise

TAIPEI (R) — Taiwan slammed the brakes on its surging currency on Saturday after freezing inflows of U.S. dollars that had flooded

29.97 and dealers said the central bank bought about \$1.5 billion

panic trading, but was unable to prevent the local unit surging 11 Taiwan cents against the U.S. currency.

had lifted a four-month freeze on Wednesday and banks began dumping huge quantities of U.S. dollars.

island's massive trade surplus, which is expect to hit \$20 billion this

day should be spent considering your philosophical and idealistic conceptions of life. It would be wise

finishing up some troubling business affairs now.

business affairs now.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)

Don't attend any social functions alone. Rather, contact some friends who will gladly accompany you. Your future looks very bright.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You may want to spend some time putting your home in order and perhaps purchase an art object or two. Get some rest tonight.

role 15 Flog 16 Emanation

Tyrannical Medical of

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21 Cattle old
style
22 Strangers
24 Map
25 Geraint's wife
26 Root used for

soep 29 Educated 33 Wanderer 34 Dried up

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37 Step 38 "Of - and Men" 39 It. city 40 Yield

41 Stacked 42 Removates 44 Onagers 45 Of grand-parents

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55 Round

5 Laughed shrilly 6 Meager 7 Abhor 8 Cuckoo

9 Carafe 10 Man with the right stuff? 11 Certain 12 Ir. Island

group 13 Beams 18 Creek 23 Ignited 24 Heavenly model? 25 Uncanny 28 Woods

28 Leaves out 29 Guides

TMENT

OVE

THE Daily Crossword by Florence C. Adler

"The Stars impel; they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

© 1987, McNaught Synd.

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

The Taiwan dollar closed unchanged against the U.S. currency at to defend the rate. The bank purchased about \$5 billion on Thursday and Friday in After the market closed on Friday, the central bank announced an immediate freeze on overseas borrowings by banks in Taiwan. It "The dumping of U.S. dollars will seriously hurt our financial stability," Mr. Philip Chow, a central bank official said in announcing the freeze. Taiwan's currency is under pressure to appreciate because of the FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1987 YOUR HOROSCOPE From the Carroll Righter Institute SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) GENERAL TENDENCIES: To-Get into some amosements which can alleviate the tensions you are moder, and be sure to bring some good friends stong as well. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. conceptions of the 1t would be wise to remain at house among those you love, where you'll be exceptionally happy. Relax and enjoy. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You 21) Put those home improvement ideas into action, and then invite some charming friends in for the have some deep desires which need to be clarified and brought down to more workable forms. Spend the vening. Get some reet tonight. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 25) day with your loved one. TAURUS (Apr. 26 to May 26) A group sctivity to which you've been invited can be quite beneficial today. Don't stay out too late; you'll The evening can be a delightful our flyer choose guests carefully. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) The newspaper can give you some fantastic ideas, provided you read carefully and keep an open mind. Be sure to drive carefully. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Be need the rest. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A fancy social gathering this evening can yield some great business concan yield some great business con-nections. A credit matter will be resolved to your advantage. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) A trip you've been consider-ing should be planned now, and made soon. Make sure that your wardrobe is in good shape. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Rely on your intuition when dealing with your mate today. Concentrate on finishing up some troubling goals. A good friend can render some great assistance to you today. Pay those nagleted bills. If Your Child is Bern Today H Your Child to Born Today He or she will have a crestive and energetic imagination, but will have the shiftly to temper fantastic ideas with practicality and make them work to great advantage. Be sure to reinforce athical values there were presents to throughout your progeny's childhood, as a career in business seems likely. Make sure your child does not work too hard.

U.N. chief proposes \$1.7b AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market during the week starting Saturday, Sept. 26, '87 and ending Wednesday, Sept. 30, '87. (Figures in Jordanian dinars). budget for next fiscal year

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1.730 0.700

0.720 0.950 1.550

6.250

0.930 10.500

1.320 1.000 0.680 1.480

1.300

1.340 0.640 0.430

0.630

0.800 1.550

0.860

0.390 1.080 2.140 0.990 2.400 1.500

5.250 0.980 1.740

4.400 1.020

0.630 1.390

2.700 1.120

7.380 0.240

1.230

2,550

0.530

0.570

2.100

12.550

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2.530

0.520

0.570

2.150

12.500

1.030 3.110

119,200

1.670

119,000

0.920

6.270

0.920

10.900

1.000 0.700 1.400

1.240

1.330 0.630

0.630

0.800 1.540 1.000

0.870

6034

21939

4505

1140

3983

1955

21945

70802

167779

33332 1582

1,597,040

44242

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UNITED NATIONS (AP) — Secretary General Javier Perez De Cuellar has proposed a 1988-1989 U.N. budget of \$1.68 billion, down \$30 million from the current level, and has pledged to continue reform measures sought by Western nations for greater efficiency.

In a statement issued Friday, by the General Assembly, not Mr. Perez De Cuellar called the spending programme, to be debated and approved by the 42nd General Assembly, "a budget of notable economy, anticipating... the reduced resource requirement that will result from broad reform measures."

Meanwhile, the U.N. Board of Auditors, the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Ouestions and the United States have issued statements raising questions about management and bookkeeping in some U.N. programmes. They include the United Nations Children Fund (UNICEF), the U.N. Development Programme (UNDP) and the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees.

In another development, what was hailed as a historic accord in 1986 in budget-making by consensus in committee appeared to have failed this year to head off possible divisive debate in the General Assembly on the budget.

Last year U.N. members approved a resolution saying the Committee for Programme and Coordination, which plays a key role in preparing the budget, would reach decisions by consensus among its 21 members, including major donors and developing countries. That would, in effect, give each member a

This week, the committee failed to reach a budget consensus and agree on a spending limit. It did not endorse reduced spending, as recommended by the secretary general, on a conference centre in Addis Ababa,

simply approved. Mr. Perez de Cuellar said his budget was based on the assumption the 159 members would pay their full assessed contributions. The United States, which contributes one-quarter of the general budget, has not paid regular assessments amounting to about \$356 million. It also has sought economic reforms to rectify what it called overspending, waste and

mismanagement. "If contributions are not paid. for whatever reason," Mr. Perez de Cuellar said in a statement issued Friday. "the effect on operation of the organisation will be immediate and the carefully planned implementation of reforms disrupted."

Last year the United States paid \$100 million of its \$210 million assessment and insisted on greater fiscal accountability and strict auditing. The administration of President Ronald Reagan later urged the U.S. Congress to restore full funding for the world body, but the final appropriation has not been approved. It usually is paid in the final quarter of the year.

The consensus resolution last year was supposed to ease the situation in which many small and developing nations, each with one-vote equal to that of the major nations, could push through higher spending opposed by the United States and other countries, which foot most of the

In addition to its regular budget, funded by national

These are funded by voluntary pledges, and the United States has been highly critical of UN-ICEF operations, questioning both the nature of its work and its financial management.

On Friday, the United States mission issued a statement by Mr. Richard C. Nygard, its representative to the administrative and budgetary committee, saying the U.N. audit reports provide "further indications of financial management problems in some U.N. organisations and programmes.

The audit reports on UNICEF and the UNDP for 1986 revealed shortcomings in accounting procedures and budgetary control. As a result, the Board of Auditors did not express an opinion on UNICEF's financial statements and qualified its opinion on those of UNDP. The United States is a major contributor to both programmes.

'We are concerned by the audit findings, but encouraged by the willingness of the administrators of these organisations to address the findings and implement many of the audit board's recommendations. Mr. Nygaro

He called the audit board's decision not to give an opinion on UNICEF's finances "an unprecedented step," but noted that no evidence of criminal intent or gross mismanagement was im-In the UNDP, which handles

more than 4,000 projects in more than 130 countries, administrative costs have been rising steadily, despite a 20 per cent decrease in the level of project spending through 1984 and 1985, the U.S. representative said. Mr. Nygard said the U.S. de-

legation has noted that over several years, UNDP's reserves have increased substantially. "We expect the administrator will assessments and outside sources. intensify efforts to eliminate unthe United Nations oversees inNow the budget will be decided dependent programmes, includtures," he said.

U.S. Senate passes defence bill

WASHINGTON (R) - The in its \$289 billion version of the tee Chairman Sam Nunn. President Ronald Reagan's "Star Wars" programme and forces limits — but it may never become

The bill, providing \$9 billion less for 1988 defence than Mr. Reagan sought, calls for a U.S. embargo on Iranian oil and other products, and bars Soviet officials from moving into their new embassy in Washington, which is set on a hill that critics say is ideal for spying.
But it was the arms control

restrictions that aroused Mr. Reagan's wrath. After the bill passed 56-42 on Friday, the White House said Mr. Reagan would veto the legislation if the restrictions were not removed before it reached his desk,

The House of Representatives,

U.S. Senate, ending weeks of stormy debate, passed a \$303-billion defence bill that curbs defence bill is certain to by the major limits under SALT-billion defence bill that curbs

Congress, as expected, cannot terrention in Afghanistan. muster the two-thirds majority needed to override a veto, the arms limits will not be binding and defence programmes will be funded through other legislation. Some Democrats said they

would continue to try to limit Mr. Reagan's strategic defence initiative (SDI) anti-missile system and force him to comply with weapons limits in the 1979 Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT-II), even as he prepares to sign a U.S.-Soviet pact eliminating medium-range nuclear

"These issues aren't going to fade away with a veto," said Senate Armed Services Commit-

arms curbs. A compromise ers were believed to have abided by the major limits under SALT-include them.

If Mr. Parameters are same or same or sure abided by the major limits under SALT-III, which was signed in 1979 but If Mr. Reagan vetoes the bill withdrawn from Senate considhim to honour strategic arms and the Democratic-controlled eration following Moscow's in-

> Congress members hail Japan's decision on fighter plane

Meanwhile, leading members of the U.S. Congress on Friday hailed Japan's decision to buy U.S. fighter jets instead of developing a plane of their own.
It is the right choice in terms of advancing our common security interests and in terms of easing the frictions in our relationship," Senate Democratic Leader Robert C. Byrd said in a state-

Peanuts

Grand total





4530

8500

2000

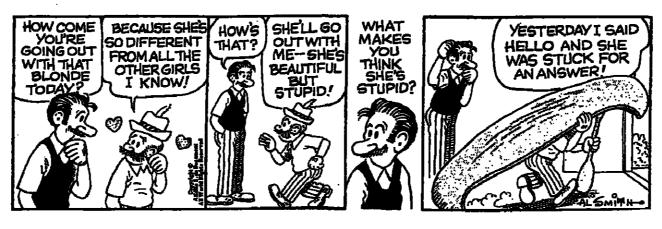
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833,291





Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp

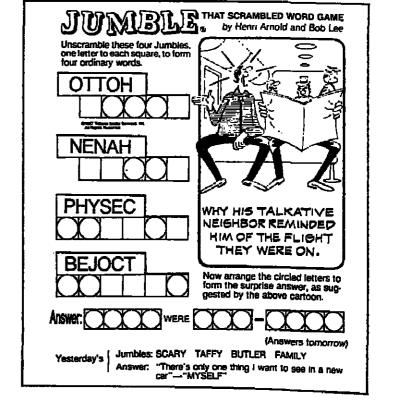


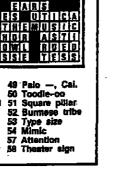












second

At least 6 killed in Tibetan-Chinese clashes in Lhasa

Dalai Lama aide sees 'beginning of freedom struggle'

PEKING (Agencies) — At least six people were killed when Tibetans fought Han Chinese in the worst officially reported separatist violence in Tibet since Mao Tesetung's cultural revolution of the

While the official death toll from Thursday's riots in Lhasa stood at six, one Western eyewitness quoted by Reuter said eight people had been killed from blows with blunt instruments or when police fired on demonstra-

tors.
The witness, an American tourist who declined to be named, said by telephone from Lhasa that the dead included a seven-year-old boy, at least two monks and five civilians.

Representatives of two Western news agencies who arrived in Lhasa on Saturday sent a telex message to Peking saying the manager of their hotel was under local government orders not to let them file news out of Tibet.

However, journalists have couriered stories from Lhasa. Details of the clashes, in which a police station and motor vehicles were set on fire, also emerged in China's state-run news media as well as in accounts by travellers leaving Tibet.

Reacting to the disturbances in Lhasa, about 300 Tibetan exiles on Saturday staged a noisy demonstration in the Indian capital, New Delhi.

Indian police scuffled with the crowd who waved Tibetan flags and shouted "long live the Dalai Lama" as they tried unsuccessfully to cross barricades blocking the wav to the Chinese embassy.

China's top newspaper, the People's Daily, attacked the Dalai Lama over Thursday's demonstration, the second in five days to have been started by pro-independence monks marching round a central Lhasa

with his Soviet counterpart,

The sources, ranking officials

who asked not be named, said

Mr. Weinberger had received a

written response to an invitation

to arrange such a meeting on

Mr. Weinberger replied to Soviet Defence Minister Dmitri

Yazov on Thursday, the sources

added, once again requesting that Mr. Yazov travel to Washington

this month for discussions on a

Should Mr. Yazov accept such

an invitation, it would set the

stage for the first meeting ever

between the top military leaders

of the United States and the

'broad agenda" of issues.

sources said.

Soviet Union.

according to Pentagon sources.

Weinberger hits snags

in efforts to meet Yazov



The Dalai Lama

Although China maintains that it has always ruled Tibet, a remote high-altitude region known as "the Roof the World," many Tibetans have never accepted this

version of history. The People's Liberation Army marched into Tibet soon after Mao's declaration of the communist state 38 years to the day before Thursday's outbreak of

The Dalai Lama, who took his campaign against Chinese rule of Tibet to the United States Congress last month, to the great ire of the Peking authorities, is revered almost as a god by many Tibetans.

In Lhasa and remote Tibetan villages, Buddhists beg tourists for photographs of him.

to continue our struggle for we The People's Daily said Thursday's disturbances had been insti-

Ambush on police car triggers new army alert in Manila

MANILA (AP) - Troops and tanks deployed Saturday around the presidential palace after gunmen ambushed a police car nearby, killing one sergeant and wounding another, military sources said.

The sources said the ambush took place some three kilometres northeast of the palace as President Corazon Aquino was giving an interview to Filipino reporters.

Radio station DZXL said Mrs.

Aguino told the reporters she had learned of a new coup plot but was confident Chief of Staff General Fidel V. Ramos would prevent it from succeeding.
Scores of armed troops in full

battle gear were seen taking positions on the grounds of the Malacanang presidential palace as at least four armoured trucks block-

ed the compound's gates.

But sources at the capital regional command said they be-lieved the ambush was staged by communist rebels and not by troops loyal to renegade Colonel Gregorio "Gringo" Honasan, leader of the Aug. 28 coup attempt.

Hours after the ambush, there was no sign of any hostile troop movements and life in the city appeared normal.

Danilo Gozo, assistant presidential spokesman, confirmed the heightened security was in response to the ambush. He said two gunmen in civilian clothes opened fire at the police car and escaped.

"I suppose what PSG (the presidential security group) has done was to take precautions," Gozo told AP.

Witnesses said Scorpion tanks were deployed around at least two gates to the walled palace compound. DZXL said troops with automatic weapons strung barbed-wire barricades across the strategic Mendiola bridge, the main approach to the presidential offices.

The station had quoted Manila Governor Jejomar Binay as warning residents not to panic if they noticed troop movements Saturday night because the military was planning to hold a drill against any new coup attempt.

Reuter adds: Gen. Ramos on
Saturday criticised Philippine officials for spending too much time on political bickering instead of seeking solutions to mounting threats from the left and the

right.

"The time, energy, goodwill and resources, which have been frittered away, must be put to good use in problem solving instead of fault-finding because there is no question our society is in bad shape," he said.

Reagan's flat rejection of additional S. African sanctions draws sharp attacks

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — by the 1986 act have registered an important message to the white South African community, and have contributed to our efforts to South Africa.

In a report to Congress on Friday marking the end of the first year of American economic sanctions, Mr. Reagan concluded that the measures were not effective in pressuring South Africa to reform its apartheid system of

would not be any more effective, and that there is "little hope for optimism.

In fact, Mr. Reagan said, the sanctions had actually harmed South Africa's blacks by causing increased unemployment, parti-cularly in the coal mining and

sugar production sectors.
"My conclusion is that the imposition of additional economic sanctions at this time would not be helpful in the achievement of the objectives which Congress, the American people and I share," Mr. Reagan said.

"While the measures imposed

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -

The United States has denounced

as "scurrilous" accusations level-

led by Zimbabwe that Namibia's

independence is being held "hos-

tage" to U.S. interests.

Pearl Bailey, a member of the

U.S. delegation to the United

Nations, also called the accusa-

tions a "twisted interpretation"

of the U.S. role in southern

On Thursday, Zimbabwean Foreign Minister W.M. Man-

gwende told the General Assem-

bly: "Namibia is not free because

Pretoria continues to occupy it

illegally in order to protect apar-

theid in South Africa. Namibia's

independence is delayed because

the United States has linked the

achieving of independence by

Namibia to the removal of Cuban

"The responsibility of all of us

is to try to convince the United

States that blackmail and hos-

tage-taking is wrong no matter

the victim or the perpetrator."

Exercising the right to reply in the assembly, Miss Bailey said.

the United States "emphatically

rejects not only the foreign minis-

ter's twisted interpretation of the

United States role in the region,

but also his falsification of United

"We also condemn the spu-

blackmail and hostage-taking"

In his speech, Mr. Mangwende called on the United Nations to

impose immediate, comprehen-

sive and mandatory sanctions on

South Africa and said it should

States objectives.

she said.

troops from Angola.

Africa.

Zimbabwean charges over

Namibia upset Washington

additional U.S. sanctions against broaden our contacts with black opposition groups, the impact has been more negative than posi-

Mr. Reagan's conclusion was criticised by the Democratic chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Claiborne Pell, and Democratic congressracial segregation. man William Gray, a leading
He said additional sanctions apartheid opponent in the House man William Gray, a leading of Representatives. While accusing Mr. Reagan of

failing to comply with the law, they stopped short of saying they would seek new sanctions immediately. Congress, which has a full agenda, was not expected to seek action on sanctions until

Representative Howard Wolpe, chairman of the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on Africa, called Mr. Reagan an "apologist for the regime in South Africa" and said his policy promotes violence there and compromises U.S. in-

Great Britain and West Germany

stop "shielding South Africa in the Security Council."

The United States and Britain

- which have vetoes in the coun-

cil - have frequently teamed up

to block sanctions against South

Africa, which rules Namibia in

defiance of the United Nations.

In April, they and West Germany

voted against mandatory, com-

Mr. Mangwende told the

General Assembly that Namibia

was "the definition of hell on

earth to its inhabitants" and said

South Africa "unleashed a vicious

campaign of terror" on it in Au-

with over 100,000 armed troops

to terrorise the tiny population.

he said. "Arrests, disappear-

ances, detention without trial,

murder and assassination have

become the regime's methods to

coerce the population into sub-

"Churches and schools have

been demolished, often fire-

bombed, at the slightest suspicion

that their followers are sympathe-

tic to SWAPO. Trade unions and

other popular movements are

under siege."
SWAPO is the South-West

Africa People's Organisation, the

largest opposition party. Its milit-

independence from bases in

Angola for more than 20 years.

Mr. Mangwende, speaking on behalf of the Non-Aligned Move-

ment, also spoke to the council

Friday, renewing his attack on

the United States, Britain and

'Spy tip prompted

West Germany.

rious and scurrilous allusion to ary wing has been fighting for

"It has flooded the territory

prehensive sanctions.

Mr. Wolpe said backers of the sanctions imposed in last year's anti-apartheid act never saw them as a quick fix, and he pointed to what he called several positive trends.

"None of us has ever argued that sanctions in and of themselves would bring down apartheid, or that they were the most important element in pressuring the regime in South Africa," Mr. Wolpe told reporters. "They reinforce the pressures that are building within the country."

port "ignores the fact that (sanctions) were enacted to send a message to black South Africans of our support for their struggle to end apartheid."

The anti-apartheid law required the U.S. president to report to Congress on whether South Africa was making desired changes. If he found that Pretoria was not making reforms, it required that Mr. Reagan recommend specific new economic penalties from a list contained in the law.



Henry Ford II

Private funeral held for Ford

GROSS POINTE FARMS, Michigan (R) — Relatives and close friends paid their last respects to Henry Ford II on Friday at a brief funeral service carried out in the strict privacy the re-

tired car industry baron wanted. Bells pealed "When the Saints Go Marching In" as Ford's widow Kathleen and son Edsel Ford II left Christ Episcopal Church at the head of a line of mourners in this wealthy Detroit suburb where Ford was raised.

About 150 mourners filled the pews of the Gothic-style church, which was sealed off during the 40-minute funeral service by Ford motor security men and local

Ford, former Ford Motor Company chairman and grandson of his auto pioneer namesake, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at

age 70. He had outlined the music and scripture readings he wanted used in his funeral service, drawn largely from the Episcopal book of common prayer.

Reporters were excluded, but participants told Reuters that Edsel Ford paid tribute to his father in an emotion-laden edlogy.
"Edsel said that when his

father made a mistake, he was the first to admit it. He hoped everyone would remember him for how much he put his life into Ford motor," Choir member Brent Jahnke said.

Ford, who became a Roman Catholic convert to marry his first wife in 1940, had specified that his funeral be at Christ Episcopal Church, where his late mother Eleanor was a member and several other family are parishioners.

About fifty bystanders lined city streets during the service despite requests by the Ford family that local citizens stay awav.

A public memorial for Ford has been scheduled for Oct. 8 at St. Paul's Episcopal Cathedral in Detroit.

Ford motor operations worl-dwide are to be shut down for three minutes at 11 a.m. local time (1500 GMT) on that date as a tribute to Ford.

the end of 1987. The addition is known as a "leap second" and is being added to keep clocks in Senator said Mr. Reagan's reaccord with the Earth's rotation, which has slowed down ever so slightly, observatory officials reported. The leap second will be added at the very end of the old

Lawyer to appeal case because jurors slept

year, delaying the arrival of the new one by a second.

1988 delayed by one

WASHINGTON (AP) — The year 1987 is being held over, by

scientific demand, the U.S. naval

observatory said Friday. The observatory reported 1988 is being postponed slightly, with

one extra second being added to

HONG KONG (R) - Six Hong Kong businessmen were jailed on Friday for conspiring to defraud shareholders but the lawyer for one said he would appeal because jurors fell asleep frequently dur-ing the 130-day trial. "I'm applying for a certificate of appeal on the grounds that the jurors' decision was unsatisfactory because three of them were sleeping during the trial," Michael Ford said. Ford told reporters jurors were often caught dozing. His client, Alex Wong Ngor-Chung. 33, was one of six former executives of a leading Hong Kong electronics firm found guilty on Thursday of conspiring to de-fraud shareholders of the Chinabacked company.

Gunmen stage spectacular heist

BOGOTA (R) — A dozen heavily armed men raided a jewellers' arcade in Cartagena, Colombia's main tourist resort on the Caribbean coast, and escaped by sea with \$2 million worth of gems, police said. The gunmen took over the arcade, rented by jewellers selling locally-mined emer-alds and gold, on Thursday in the Bocagrande luxury tourist resort. When they tried to flee their van would not start. They fired their weapons into the air, commandeered cars, and fled by sea on two fast boats waiting for them on a beach near the Hilton Hotel,

Robber glues artist to toilet seat

MUNICH (R) — A robber stuck a young artist to a toilet seat with superglue before making off with the contents of the victim's wallet, police said on Friday. They said the thief followed the 25year-old artist from a bank to his apartment, then glued him down at gunpoint, wrapped a cable around his neck, and gave him electric shocks until he collapsed unconscious. The artist is re-covering in hospital.

Police chief jailed for

HARARE (R) — Former Zimbabwe Police Commissioner Wiridzayi Nguruve has been jailed for seven years for theft and abusing his position. Ngur-uve. Zimbabwe's first black police commissioner, was also fined 2,000 Zimbabwe dollars (\$1.400) after his conviction on Thursday on 10 charges, including the theft of Mandrax sleeping tablets. Nguruve, 48, was also convicted of stealing police funds. using government vehicles for private purposes and smuggling a television set from Botswana. Hewas suspended in 1985 when a :, commission of inquiry was set up into the police force. He and two deputies were sacked last year by Prime Minister Robert Mugabe.

Leading researcher. says AIDS can be eradicated

GENEVA (R) — One of the two scientists credited with discovering the AIDS virus says he thinks intense medical research would lead to the disease being wiped out. But for now "there is no treatment, no means of protection, except an information, education and prevention campaign," according to Dr. Luc Montagnier, chief virologist at the Pasteur Institute in Paris. Medical research is extremely intense, so we will succeed one day in eradicating this disease." he said in a luncheon speech. Finding a vaccine to combat AIDS, the majority of whose victims have been homosexual men and intravenous drug users, is difficult largely because the virus changes so quickly. Montagnier said. Even when one was found, it would probably take three to four years to make it operational outside the laboratory, he added.

firmly believe that one day we shall overcome." Pentagon says Soviets used 'laser' beam against

gated by "the Dalai clique" and

that he would never succeed in

his separatist aims by courting the

support of foreigners.
An official of the Dalai Lama's

government-in-exile said Satur-day that the Lhasa events mark

"the beginning of the Tibetan freedom struggle."

Dawa Thondup, chief of the

exile government's international

division, condemned what he cal-

led "Chinese brutalities" during

the demonstrations.

Lhasa's central Johkang temple

square, the scene of the protests,

was reported quiet Friday and

Foreign witnesses quoted by AP said about 2,000 Tibetans

stoned Chinese police and burned

a police station and police vehi-

cles in the clash Thursday. Chi-

na's Xinhua news agency denied

the foreigners' accounts that

police fired pistols at the protes-

ters, and instead said the Tibe-

The Dalai Lama, the spiritual

leader of the Tibetans, fied to

India with many of his followers

in 1959 after an abortive Tibetan

uprising against the Chinese

military presence.
His government-in-exile func-

tions at Dharamsala, 400

kilometres north of New Delhi. It

includes a cabinet and a parlia-

iles living in 13 countries. India

has the largest number with about

90,000. Neighbouring Nepal has

Tibetans in New Delhi issued a

statement Saturday saying: "We Tibetans, inside and outside

Tibet, shall never accept the

Chinese domination over us, and

we shall continue our struggle for

not less than complete independ-

It added: "We are determined

about 12,000.

There are 120,000 Tibetan ex-

tans fired on police.

Saturday.

WASHINGTON (AP) - A

Mr. Weinberger, however, is not interested in meeting Mr. Yazov through the consultative

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

NORTH

7A754 ♦QJ6 4Q84 WEST EAST **∳KQ8** ♥K82 ♥1063 ♦A108743 ♥9 **⊕** A 6 SOUTH **≜**AJ753 **7QJ9** ♦K52

The bidding: North East South Pass Pass Pass 2 %

Opening lead: Ace of 🛧

For the first time in the 24-year history of the World Bridge Olympiad, the event was dominated by one country. In the 7th Olympiad recently concluded in Miami Beach, the U.S. captured all four major titles!

A Californian couple, Jon and Pamela Wittes, won the Mixed Pairs; the Rosenblum Teams event was taken by a squad led by Steven Robinson of Arlington, Va.; the Open Pairs title went to Jeff Meckstroth of Columbus, Ohio, and Eric Rodwell of Lafayette, Ind.; and the Women's Pairs was cap-

WASHINGTON (AP) - De- Yazov to meet with him in fence Secretary Caspar Weinber- Washington, following remarks ger has hit a snag in his effors to by Soviet Foreign Minister arrange a consultative meeting Eduard Shevardnadze indicating the Soviets were amenable to such talks. Mr. Weinberger had initially

proposed such high-level talks to Mr. Yazov's predecessor in April 1986, but never received a reply.
In his message, Mr. Yazov
proposed that Mr. Weinberger

Wednesday. However, the defence secretary considered it "unacceptable" because the Soviets appear to be trying to limit the topics that could be discussed, the travel to Geneva and meet with him Oct. 6-8 during sessions of the Standing Consultative Committee, a joint U.S.-Soviet group that meets periodically in Geneva to discuss alleged violations of existing arms-control treaties.

> committee "because that narrows the scope of the items they would talk about to arms-control viola-

tions," said one official. Mr. Yazov suggested that during their discussions in Geneva. the two men could schedule "home and home visits" in Mos-Mr. Weinberger extended an cow and Washington, one source invitation on Sept. 22 to Mr. said.

U.S. DOMINATES WORLD OLYMPIAD

North-South vulnerable. West tured by two New Yorkers, Jacqui Mitchell and Amalya Kearse. For Judge Kearse, this is her first world bridge title. It is all the more remarkable because a career in law has limited the time she has available for bridge. She is the first woman and only the second black to sit on the Federal Appeals Court in Manhattan.
On this deal from the women's

event, shaky defense enabled Ms. Kearse to bring home a two-spade contract that garnered 109 of the 110 matchpoints available for the board. West's failure to open the bidding is somewhat surprising and led directly to the catastrophe, for without a trump lead East-West can make at lease nine tricks at a club contract.

West led the ace of clubs and continued the suit. Had East won the trick as cheaply as possible and simply continued with her top club, the defenders would surely have come to six tricks. But East shifted to a diamond at trick three. Her partner won the ace and duly gave her a diamond ruff. Now East reverted to clubs, but it was too

Declarer had only one play. She ruffed with the jack and, when that held, continued with the ace of trumps and another. East was thrown in and was forced to make a fatal return. Since a club would yield a ruff-sluff, East returned a and the contract was home

U.S. pilot

Soviet intelligence vessel operating near the target zone of a Soviet missile test off Hawaii aimed what appeared to be a laser beam at a U.S. surveillance aircraft, disturbing the vision of the co-pilot, the Defence Department said.

Senator Malcolm Wallop, who disclosed the incident on Friday in a speech on the Senate floor, said the aviator had been "temporarily blinded."

A Pentagon statement said the woman who was co-pilot, whose identity and rank were not given, was aboard an air force WC-135 surveillance plane when it was illuminated by a "bright light" from a Soviet intelligence vessel, the Chukotka.

The light, believed to have been a laser beam, "disturbed the co-pilot's vision for 10 minutes." the statement said.

"Although preliminary medical evaluation has shown no apparent damage, further detailed tests may be required to determine, if, in fact, no damage to her eyes occurred." it added.

The incident took place about 1.450 kilometres northwest of Hawaii. a Pentagon source said.

The statement said a second plane, a navy P-3 reconnaissance aircraft, was in the vicinity at the time and was also illuminated by a beam from the Chukotka.

The P-3 was "engaged in observing Soviet open-ocean ICBM (intercontinental ballistic missile) re-entry vehicle splash-downs' Wednesday and Thursday, the Pentagon said.

Mr. Wallop made the disclosure during a speech as he introduced legislation condemning the Soviets for the missile tests, which he said resulted in at least one warhead falling in the Pacific "within 160 kilometres of U.S. territory.

Meanwhile, President Ronald Reagan said in a statement: "We have protested these Soviet actions (the missile tests) as both unacceptable to this country and inconsistent with General Secretary (Mikhail) Gorbachev's claim to seek a long-term improvement in our relationship."

demand that the United States. **India beefs up peace-keeping** force in eastern Sri Lanka

keeping troops have been sent into the Trincomalee district in eastern Sri Lanka where at least 12 people have been killed in communal violence, the military said on Saturday.

They said at least 2,000 people had been made homeless after buildings were set ablaze in street fighting between Sinhalese and Tamils which began on Wednesday.

Four business establishments were burned down on Friday in Trincomalee and a curfew was extended for another 24 hours until Sunday, military sources

told Reuters.
General Cyril Ranatunge, joint operations command chief, said on television on Friday night extra Sri Lankan police were also being sent to the town. Military sources said 200 arrived later. The communal clashes have

been the fiercest since a July 29 peace pact ended four years of guerrilla war between rebels seeking a separate homeland for the minority Tamil community and Sri Lankan soldiers.

GENEVA (Agencies) — An international tribunal has ordered

France to pay more than \$8 mil-

COLOMBO (R) — Reinforce-ments of 1,000 Indian peace-enforce the pact, under which enforce the pact, under which Tamil areas will be given more autonomy.

Sri Lankan police blame the fighting in Trincomalee, a town of about 50,000 people, on Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) guerrillas.

They say the LTTE wants to drive away Sinhalese, the island's majority community, from areas it regards as historically Tamil. Military officials in Trinco-

malee told Reuters by telephone at least 12 people had been wounded since Wednesday in the Among those killed was an Indian soldier who Indian diplo-

mats say was shot on Friday by men from a Sri Lankan military van. The Sri Lankan military denied involvement. A foreign doctor said: "Tamils and Sinhalese residents fought each other on the streets. Our

team said people used axes. knives, guns, all sorts of weapons. Seven died in hospital alone yesterday." She said 20 people with serious

injuries underwent surgery at a India has sent 8,000 troops to Trincomalee hospital.

Soviets to down KAL jet in '83' NEW YORK (R) - A Soviet jet

shot down Korean Airlines (KAL) flight 007 in 1983 after the Walker spy ring tipped the Soviets that U.S. fighters deliberately violated their airspace three months earlier, according to an

Howard Blum, author of "I Pledge Allegiance." the story of the Walker spy ring that was broken up last year, said the Soviet air force shot down the Korean plane after it was told by the ring that U.S. fighters deliberately violated Soviet air space on Pacific naval manoeuvres near the Soviet Kurile Islands three months earlier.

The Soviets became "trigger happy" and shot down the Korean plane when it overflew Soviet airspace on Sept. 1, 1983, Blum believes. All 269 aboard the flight were killed.

Blum said U.S. intelligence now believes convicted spy John Walker's accomplice Jerry Whitworth passed on the information from the naval manoeuvres in March 1983.

France told to pay \$8 million to Greenpeace New Zealand.

lion compensation to the environmentalist campaigning group Greenpeace for the sinking of its ordered France to pay \$5 million for the loss of the ship, \$1.2 nuclear protest ship Rainbow million for aggravated damages Warrior by French agents, and the balance for various losses Greenpeace said on Friday. and costs. The ruling was handed down Greenpeace Chairman David

by a three-member panel which McTaggart said in a statement in met in Geneva earlier this year London he hoped France would and mailed out its finding this week, Greenpeace spokeswoman Christa Dettwiler told Reuters.

French secret agents sank the Rainbow Warrior in New Zealand's Auckland harbour in July 1985, shortly before the ship was to sail into France's South Pacific nuclear testing area. A crewman, photographer Fernando Pereira. French Greenpeace movement.

The panel, consisting of three legal experts from Switzerland, New Zealand and France.

pay the money.
"The moral outrage the world felt at the bombing of the Rainaward. bow Warrior has been endorsed by the arbitration tribunal ...(but) no amount of money can ever compensate for the loss of a

human life," he said. The acting president of the

Francois Breteau, told Reuters, The amount is satisfactory and about what one could expect. But morally it is quite inadequate. We still have to face the fact that a terrorist attack was carried out against us and a man was killed." Mr. McTaggart said Greenpeace

would use the award to support its worldwide fleet of ships and its campaigns for a nuclear-free Pacific. The French government had no

immediate comment on the Two months after the attack,

Laurent Fabius, then France's premier, admitted French secret agents had planted the bombs. The admission created an international uproar and severely strained France's relations with Mr. McTaggart said the award would not "buy back the dignity of a government which sank a non-violent campaign ship to stop it from exercising the democratic right of protest.

Two French agents were sentenced to 10-year jail terms in New Zealand for their role in the attack. Last year, they were moved to a French Pacific island to spend three years there under an agreement between the goveraments of the two countries.

France paid an undisclosed sum to photographer Pereira's wife and two children and agreed to international arbitration after direct negotiations between the French government and Greenpeace failed.

